Daily British Colonist.

NINETEENTH YEAR. | VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1877. | VOL. XXXVII NO. 98

Daily British Colonist.

Published every day, except Monday.

DAVID W. HIGGINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

COLONIST BUILDING—Government Street, 1st Door North of the New Post Office Building.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST—Per Year, (subject to Postage).....$10.
Parts of a Year at the same Rate.
Per Week (if delivered).....25 Cents.
THE WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST—(postage free to any part of the Dominion) if paid in advance,
By Year.....$4.
By 6 months.....$2.
By 3 months.....$1.
If not paid in advance at the rate of $5 per annum.
Issued every Tuesday morning in time for the Mails.

Notices of Entertainments to which a fee for admission is charged, must be paid for as advertisements from and after this date.

Victoria, B. C., December 27, 1876.

The Schliemann Discoveries.

(Cologne Gazette, Feb. 6th.)

The following, from a letter we have received from Athens, contains probably the first expression of opinion by experts who have seen and examined the treasures found by Dr. Schliemann at Mycenæ. All accounts heretofore have emanated from the doctor himself:—

The contents of one of the four chests which are filled with golden treasures excavated at Mycenæ have been displayed in the bank, and the notabilities of the city invited to examine them. The judgment concerning them is just now the common topic of conversation. To the savan of Athens the period of Agamemnon appears to be too remote, and they refer to that of King Danaos. Others while willing to admit that some of the pieces are of great antiquity—as for instance the signet rings—still find it impossible to recognize in the great mass of the articles any of the features distinctive of the early Asiatic period, such as massiveness of the metal and severity of the style. All of the golden treasures are made of a very thin metal, and their designs and shapes give evidence rather of the decadence of a people than of that primitive time when trinkets fashioned by Phrygio-Lydian art were first brought to the shores of Europe. The place in which they were found, too, gives assurance of their antiquity; for although the cavities or pits in the citadel wherein they were found are unquestionably of great age, it has not yet been proved that they were originally used for burial purposes. They may have been underground storehouses, which were converted into tombs by later occupants of the citadel. These newly excavated graves have nothing in common with the burial-places of the ancient, and the unconsumed skeletons lying beneath the superincumbent earth certainly bear no marks of the Homeric period. Structures of a much later period, however, are to be seen in the immediate vicinity. Hence it is likely that the graves were used as such at some period between the reign of Danaos and the Byzantine-Frankish Middle Ages; but, inasmuch as some months must elapse before all the recovered treasures can be placed on exhibition, a decisive judgment as to antiquarian value must be postponed till that time, and the public must meanwhile possess itself in patience. Priam's treasures were found four years ago, and to day it is still doubtful what era they belonged to—whether some of them once graced the neck of Adromeda, or were only the lost trinkets of a Turkish harem. The gold of Illium has again disappeared from view; but the gold of Mycenæ, being owned by the government, is to be exhibited publicly, not, however, before April. In Illium, as in Mycenæ, no reasonable doubt was expressed concerning the antiquity of the excavated pottery and clay images, but the gold treasures of both places are of problematic origin, and concerning their chronological value persons who have seen them differ by thousands of years. The history of Mycenæ is commonly confined to the time of the Atribes, and is supposed to end about the year 460 B. C. That this is an error is proved by the many structures of a much later period still found there; and it is a mistake to ignore the existence of Greece during the middle ages, simply because its history is involved in obscurity.

NIGHT after night we die, and are born again. We lie down in our bed as in the grave, and the time comes when we lie down in the grave as in our bed; but as Dean Milman wrote:

"It little matters at what hour of the day
The righteous fall asleep. Death cannot come
To him untimely, who has learned to die.
The less of this brief life the more of heaven;
The shorter time, the longer immortality"

A SOUND CRITIC.—A religious old lady, when asked her opinion of the organ of a church, the first time she had seen or heard one, said: It's a vera boony kist fu' o' whistles; but, oh, sirs, it's an awful way of spending the Sabbath-day!"

FELL'S COFFEE, superior to any other manufactured on the Coast, may be obtained of all respectable dealers throughout the Province. "a"

English Mail.

PER STEAMSHIP DAKOTA.

An Anti Bradlaugh Society has been formed at Northampton. The chairman of the meeting which organized this curious society stated that his object was to unite all the various political and theological elements for the work of preventing Mr. Bradlaugh from representing Northampton in the House of Commons.

A proposal was recently brought before the British War office for raising a regiment of cavalry to be composed exclusively of gentlemen of gentle birth. It is now said that the Secretary of War is so far favorable that the Government will be urged to bring in a bill for enrolling such a regiment.

The "Pall Mall Gazette" tells of one way in which smallpox is propagated in London:—A gentleman happened to be passing a door in a certain street in London before which stood a hack cab. As he passed, an invalid bearing on his face the eruption of smallpox, came out from the house and entered the cab. The observer followed the vehicle as rapidly as he could, and was just in time to see the cab deposit its lareat a smallpox hospital. Endeavoring to ascertain the number of the cab, our informant still followed, and saw the driver hailed by a lady and gentleman whom he vainly endeavored to warn by shouts not to enter the cab. They took no notice, got in, and drove off. Being a resolute man, the observer still followed, and was just in time to see the pair descend at the door of a house in one of the best squares in London. Having failed in his efforts either to deter the passengers or to get near enough to the cab to take its number, the pursuer now gave up the chase. Some time after, being again in London, our informant thought he would call at the house the lady and gentleman had alightedat, with the view of explaining what might have seemed his frantic behavior in shouting to them and in pursuing the cab. He found the blinds of the house down. The master had died on the previous day of smallpox, and his wife was not expected to recover from the malady. How the patient fared at the hospital is not known; nor, in the event of his recovery, with what feelings he would be likely to receive the information now at his service.

A Remarkable Cure.

WEST TOWNSEND, Vt, May 14, 1860.
MESSRS S. W. FOWLE & SONS:

Gentlemen.—Several years since I took severe cold, which settled on my lungs, where it remained without relaxation. I was then in Massachussets, and growing worse and becoming unable to attend to my business I returned home and commenced searching in earnest for some medicine which would restore my lost health. I consulted physicians, I tried many remedies, but obtained no help, but daily grew worse. I had a terrible cough, and raised a good deal of blood. I had profuse night sweats, and severe pain in my side. I continued in this state for months, and became so weak that it was with great difficulty I could walk, when I was advised to try WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and to my great joy I soon found that this remedy had arrested the disease. I continued to use the BALSAM to the extent of five bottles, and have since then experienced no difficulty of the lungs. I believed the BALSAM saved my life, and I shall ever hold it in high estimation.

Yours truly,
LEWIS PHELPS.

From a Distinguished Jurist.

"I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a new man of me, infused into my system new vigor and energy. I am no longer tremulous and debilitated as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, that at any time during the last five years." Sold by all druggists.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. Cool calls attention to the beautiful alluminium-lined vulcanite plates for upper and lower sets. The advantage of this work is that it is very thin, much stronger and lighter than the common plate usually worn; also, being a better conductor of heat and cold, it does not produce the irritation, something caused by rubber or nonconducting substances. I make these sets for $35, something never done before, and guarantee my patrons that after once wearing one of them they will wear no other. The treatment of diseased teeth and fine operating I make a specialty. Teeth built up with pure gold to their natural contour; artificial crowns adjusted to roots in the best manner. Work of every description done anywhere I engage to do at the most reasonable prices.

OLD CHICORY is almost a thing of the past. Finlayson's Coffee presides over the present. It has now superseded what used to be claimed as "superior to and other manufactured on this coast," and will soon be found on every well-furnished table in the Province. Prepared at his premises on Fort street, and sold by all the principal dealers.

PATRONIZED BY HER EXCELLENCY THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN.—Remember, if you want to save money in buying, selling, or trading goods of any description, new or second hand, furniture or wearing apparel included, call at Haggerty's store on DUFFERIN STREET, hitherto known as Store Street.

Miscellaneous.

To Pilots and Others interested in Pilotage Matters.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Privy Council Chamber,
OTTAWA, 19th Feb., 1877.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the following Bylaws respecting Pilotage for the District of British Columbia, were submitted to and approved by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council on the 19th February, 1877.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

COPIES of the Bylaws above referred to may be obtained on application to the undersigned at the Pilotage Office, Bastion street.

The Pilotage Act, 1873, and the Bylaws drawn up and ratified as aforesaid in accordance with the same, are now in force in British Columbia, and are promulgated for the information of all whom it may concern.

All Pilotage Dues are compulsory.

By order of the Pilotage Authority,
EDGAR CROW BAKER,
Secretary and Treasurer, P A.

Victoria, B C., March 19, 1877. mh20

NEW SHOP.

Mr. James Millar

Has Removed into his new shop on the

Cor. of Covernment & Pandora Sts.

(One Door North from his old stand,)

Where he will be prepared to Manufacture

BUGGIES, WAGONS AND CARTS.

Blacksmithing in all its Branches Carried on.

HORSESHOING

Carefully and promptly attended to.

Mr. Millar is also manufacturing Yelland's Celebrated Harrows, and the famous improved Combination Iron Beam Ploughs.

ORDERS SOLICITED. Farmers and others will find a good shed for their horses. ja7dw3m

GOODACRE & DOOLEY,
Family Butchers,
S. E. Corner of Government and Johnson Streets,

Purveyors by Appointment to
THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE EARL AND COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN
And His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF ISLAND and Mainland BEEF and MUTTON constantly on hand.

Hotels, Restaurants and Families supplied at short notice, and Meats delivered FREE OF CHARGE to any part of the city or suburbs with accuracy and dispatch. Ships and Steamers supplied by contract LOW.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
se3

FREDERICK REYNOLDS
FAMILY
BUTCHER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Meats and Vegetables,
PURVEYOR BY APPOINTMENT TO HER MAJESTY ROYAL NAVY.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF ISLAND and Mainland BEEF AND MUTTON constantly on hand.

Hotels, Restaurants and Families supplied at short notice, and Meats delivered FREE OF CHARGE to any part of the City or Suburbs with accuracy and dispatch. Ships and Steamers supplied by contract LOW.
mh10 LONDON MARKET

TO VISITORS TO VICTORIA.

MESSRS. GEO. & LOUIS YOUNG,
HAVING PURCHASED THE
NEW ENGLAND BAKERY
And Restaurant,

Have determined on supplying a want long felt by adding to their establishment a

Room for Ladies & Families Exclusively,

Where Meals can be served at all hours at MODERATE PRICES.

The experience of one of the partners at San Francisco and of the other for many years in Victoria will be a guarantee to the public that the reputation of this widely known and long established house will be maintained and increased in their hands.

THE BAKERY DEPARTMENT

Of the business will still be carried on as usual and

Bread, Pies, Wedding and other Cakes too numerous to mention

Will be produced of old in the finest style of art.

GEO. & LOUIS YOUNG,
mh24 Proprietors.

RECEIVED.

A SUPPLY OF
FELLOWS' COMPOUND
SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES,
$1 50 PER BOTTLE.

The Valuable Remedy for Consumption, Nervous Debility Dyspepsia, Asthma, &c.

LANGLEY & CO.,
se15 1m2p Agents for British Columbia.

THOS. TROUNCE,
Architect, &c.,
OFFICE, ON KANE ST. ABOVE DOUGLAS.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREfully prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed. ja6 3m

Mr. Geo. Winter,

LATE COACHMAN TO GOVERNORS KENnedy, Seymour, Trutch and Richards, begs to inform his friends and patrons that he can be found on the stand with his Carriage and Pair any day after April 1st, 1877.

Orders can be left at Mr. McLean's Scotch House, Fort street mh10

New Custom House Blanks
FOR SALE IN ANY QUANTITY
At the COLONIST OFFICE

For Sale---To Let.

FOR SALE.

TWO FIRST-CLASS BUGGIES, ONE GOOD Harness; also, 1 English Riding Saddle & Bridle. Apply to C. MORTON,
mh9 Or to SIMEON DUCK.

FOR SALE.

A TINSHOP AT LAKETOWN, DEASE Creek, Cassiar, with House, Lot, Tools and Stock on hand Does a large business. For particulars enquire of
EDGAR MARVIN,
mh3dw2m Wharf street.

COAL AND WOOD BUSINESS FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the Goodwill of his

Coal and Wood Business,

Now doing a good trade, together with Horses, Wagons and other appurtenances necessary to the business. Apply to W. R. CLARKE,
Government St.
Victoria, B.C., March 20, 1877. mh21

FOR SALE.

A GOOD PAYING BUSINESS, SITUATED on Government street, will be sold at a Reasonable Rate owing to the present proprietor's intention of going into another business. For particulars address "Business," P.O. Box 137, Victoria, B.C. fe16

FOR SALE.

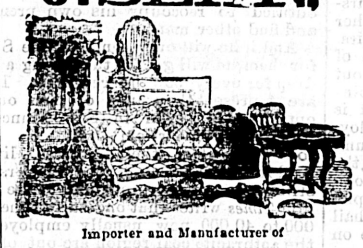
A SPLENDID FAMILY CARRIAGE Horse; also, one Draught Horse. For particulars apply to the undersigned.
WM. BARRY,
mh14 Cor. Meares and Vancouver S's.

Farm for Sale at Comox.

CONTAINING 160 ACRES OF GOOD LAND free from stones—on ten acres of timber land. About 60 acres seeded down with Timothy; the whole under fence. The farm is situated at the head of navigation and is well known as Green's landing; is the best place for a store in Comox. There is a Sawmill on the opposite side of the river. There is a good Dwelling House, two Barns, Stable, Cow Sheds and Piggeries.

For further particulars apply to
mh17dw CHARLES GREEN, Comox.

J. SEHI.,



Importer and Manufacturer of

FURNITURE,

In every variety, has just received at a Low Rate of Freight, direct from Eastern Manufacturers, the largest and best assortment of

Walnut, Parlor and Bedroom Suites,
EXTENSION & CENTRE TABLES,
Wardrobes, Desks,
PIER AND MANTLE MIRRORS,

Of the Finest Description, all of the Latest Styles, which I am enabled to sell at LOWER PRICES than ever before offered in the Province.

An inspection of the Goods and Prices will satisfy you of the fact.

SOLID WALNUT BEDROOM SUITES from $70 upward.

CHAIRS from 50 cents upward.

ALSO—Just received a fine

COLLECTION OF PICTURES,

Consisting of Steel and Mezzotint Engravings, Oleographs, Chromos, Photos and Lithographs,

Walnut, Rosewood and Rustic Frames and Mouldings,

Carved Brackets,
Cornices Window Blinds,
China and Cocoa Matting,
Carpets, Door Mats.

REVERSIBLE PERAMBULATORS,

Spring, Hair, Patent Curled Wool, Eureka and other MATTRESSES made to order by a first-class Upholsterer,

Carpets Sewed and Laid. Everything warranted as represented.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of Charge. no12

N. MITCHELL & CO.,
NURSERY AND SEEDSMEN
Florist & Landscape Gardeners,
VICTORIA,

WILL IN A FEW DAYS OPEN THEIR their new Seed Store on

GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR THE THEATRE,

With an entirely New Stock of

SEEDS FOR THE FARM & GARDEN.

Their Seeds are of the best English, American and Home Growth and can be confidently recommended.

They offer the following New and Superior Varieties of

SEED POTATOES:

Early Rose, Royal Ashleaved,
Snowflake, Early Vermont,
Compton's surprise, Brownell's Beauty.
With other Varieties to Order.

ALSO—Early Cabbage Plants, Cauliflower Plants (Autumn Sown), Asparagus, Strawberry Plants, Etc. Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs

All at Prices that Defy Competition!

SEED STORE, Government St.
fe15dw2m NURSERY, Menzies St., James Bay.

PERUVIAN SUGAR!

Welch, Rithet & Co.

Are now Landing from the

Barque "VICTORIA," from Callao

A full assortment of Superior Grades of the above Sugar, consisting of

No. 1 White Powdered,
" 1 " Grainy (Extra Quality),
" 2 Yellow "
" 3 Dark "

Which we offer for sale at Greatly Reduced Rates in lots to suit purchasers.

WELCH, RITHET, & Co.,
WHARF STREET.
Victoria, B.C., 16th March, 1877. mh16

Notices.

Estate of W. P. Marsh, Deceased.

PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the Estate of the late W. P. Marsh are requested to send them to the undersigned, to whom persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make payment of the same forthwith.

MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
THOMAS CHANCEY NUTTALL,
Executors.
March 28, 1877. mh24

NOTICE.

THE BOARD OF CEMETERY TRUSTEES invite Tenders for the Purchase of the undermentioned Valuable Properties, situate in and near the City of Victoria:—

Lot 1.—Subsections 32 and 33 of Section 18, Victoria District, commonly known as Nias' Point, and containing 9 acres and a quarter (more or less).

Lot 2.—Subsections 18, 19, 21 and 22 of the said Section 18 (now within the limits of the City of Victoria), commonly known as Medina's Grove, and containing 11 acres and a half (more or less).

SEPARATE TENDERS may also be made for the two Subsections 18 and 21, containing 6 acres (more or less); and for the two Subsections 19 and 22, containing 5 acres and a half (more or less).

TENDERS will be received up to 12 o'clock at noon on Tuesday the First day of May next, at the office of the undersigned, where a Plan of the properties may be seen.

Neither the highest nor any tender will necessarily be accepted.

J. ROLAND HETT.
Bastion St., Victoria,
10th March, 1877. mh11

EDUCATION.

CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES WILL be commenced on Wednesday, the 20th inst., in the house situated on the corner of Kane and Quadra streets, by competent teachers, under the immediate supervision of the Rev. E. Cridge and Mrs. Cridge. A class for boys under 8 years of age will also be formed. For particulars apply to
ja14 MRS. CRIDGE.

MILTON GOLD JEWELRY

FOR 50 CENTS we will send to any address, 1 elegant Gent's Watch Chain with real, 1 pair Sleeve Buttons, 1 set Shirt Studs, 1 Collar, 1 Heavy Plain Ring, 1 Parisian Diamond Pin; retail price $3 00. $100,000 stock must be sold. Illustrated catalogue of jewelry, watches, &c., sent with every box. Silver Watch, good timekeeper, $1. Watch free to all agents.

MONTREAL NOVELTY Co.
fe3dwlyr IMPORTERS, MONTREAL, P.Q.

Township No. 23.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the provisions of the "Land Act, 1875," that the following sub-division of land in Township No. 23 is reserved for Government purposes:—

Lot 245, Group 2.

F. GEO. VERNON,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, Feb 13th, 1877. fe18

NOTICE.

KAMLOOPS DIVISION OF YALE DISTRICT.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the following highway, sixty-six feet (66) in width, is hereby established in the Kamloops Division of Yale District, viz:—

Commencing at a point in the existing road opposite Fortune's flour mill, situated on the North West quarter of section 15, Township No. 20; thence in a Westerly direction following the centre line of the present road, 1050 links more or less, to a point in the section line between sections 15 and 16, and distant 1250 links due South from the corner between Sections 15, 16, 21 and 22; thence

S. 64 deg. 30 min. W. magnetic 1000 links,
S. 19 deg. 30 min. W. " 840 links,
S. 52 deg. 30 min. W. " 470 links,

to the shore of Kamloops Lake, including thirty-three (33) feet on each side thereof.

F. GEO. VERNON,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, Feb 15th, 1877. fe18

Cattle Trespassing.

ALL CATTLE HEREAFTER TRESPASSing on Government House Grounds will be impounded or the owner prosecuted for the damage.
Government House, 15th March, 1877 mh16

Department of Marine and Fisheries.

NOTICE.

FISHERMEN AND OTHERS ARE HEREBY cautioned not to trespass on (Berens) Lighthouse Island, in Victoria Harbor, on penalty of being prosecuted as the law directs.

JAMES COOPER, Agent.
Victoria, B.C., March 15, 1877. mh16

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

ANDREW ROME, Plaintiff.
J. S. CLUIE, of New Westminster, Defendant.

A WRIT OF ATTACHMENT HAS ISSUED in this cause.

C. T. DUPONT,
Official Assignee.
Victoria, April 5th, 1877. ap6

BILL POSTING.

MR. WELTON, JANITOR OF THEATRE Royal, will attend to posting and distributing bills of every description in Victoria and vicinity. Orders may be left at THE COLONIST Office. de2

P. T. Johnston & Co.,
SUCCESSORS TO
MITCHELL & JOHNSTON,
Nurserymen, Seedsmen & Florists,

HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE A large and choice selection of

Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees & Shrubs,

which they offer for sale at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

Fresh Seeds now ready for Season of 1877

Priced Catalogues of Nursery Stock, Seed & Greenhouse Plants to be had on application.

No Connection with a Firm styling themselves Mitchell & Co.

NURSERY, Cadboro Bay Road.
SEED STORE, Occidental Building, Fort Street.
ja5dw4m

FURNITURE.

CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,
Cutlery, Carpets
And all kinds of
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
—AT—
Mansell & Holroyd's,
Corner of Yates and Douglas Street.
my20

Insurance.

The Lancashire
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN

Appointed Agents

For this well-known and old-established Insurance Company, and are prepared to

Accept Risks and Issue Policies Against Losses by Fire

On Buildings, Merchandise, and other Property

At Current Rates.

HENRY RHODES & CO.,
STORE ST., VICTORIA, V. I.
de13 2p

Imperial Fire Insurance
COMPANY.
1 Old Broad Street and 16 Pall Mall,
LONDON,
Instituted, 1808.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufactures and Farming Stock, ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by Fire.

Subscribed and Invested Capital—One Million Six Hundred Thousand Pounds.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates of Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & Co.,
Agents for British Columbia
my10 And Washington Territory.

MARINE INSURANCE.

The Union Insurance Co.
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
ASSETS OVER $1,000,000.

FOR INSURING MERCHANDISE, TREASURE, Commissions, Profits &c.

Insurances Accepted under English or San Francisco Conditions.

For Information, Rates of Premium, &c., apply to
STAHLSCHMIDT & WARD, Agents.
WHARF STREET, Victoria. ap4

Maritime & Union
MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY (Limited.)
OF LIVERPOOL.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE AUTHORIZED to accept

Marine Risks on Merchandise by the Pacific Mail S.S Co.'s Steamers from Victoria to San Francisco.

ENGELHARDT & CO.
Victoria, March 7, 1877. mh8 1m

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Composed of the purest articles, these Lozenges contain no opium or other deleterious drug, therefore the most delicate can take them with perfect confidence. Their beneficial effect is speedy and certain. This old unfailing family remedy is daily recommended by the most eminent Physicians for the cure of

COUGHS,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
ACCUMULATION OF PHLEGM.

COPIES.

MR. T. KEATING, Knighton.
Dear Sir,—I have sold your Lozenges for more than 25 years, and can confidently recommend them.—Yours respectfully, HENRY VERDON, Chemist.

MR. T. KEATING, Indian Medical Service.
Dear Sir,—Having tried your Lozenges in India, I have much pleasure in testifying to their beneficial effects in cases of Incipient Consumption, Asthma and Bronchial Affections. I have prescribed them largely, with the best results.

W. B. G.——, Apothecary, H.M.S.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES are prepared by THOMAS KEATING, St. Paul's Churchyard, London, and sold by all Chemists in boxes and tins.

KEATING'S
BON BONS or WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is specially adapted for children.

THOMAS KEATING, London,
EXPORT CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,

Indents for pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. oc3w

PLAITING & FLUTING MACHINES
FOR SALE.
DRESSMAKING, ETC.

THE LADIES OF VICTORIA ARE INvited by the undersigned to inspect the Fluting and Plaiting Machine now in her possession. Samples of 40 different sorts of Plaiting done by this machine (the only one of the kind in Victoria) constantly on exhibition by the undersigned, who holds from the patentee the sole right for the sale of the machine in British Columbia.

Trimmings made to order in every style.

MRS. HALPENNY,
no2 Dressmaker, etc., Yates st., Victoria.

MRS. F. LUXFORD,
FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKER,
GOVERNMENT STREET,
Between Broughton and Rae Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

FIRST-CLASS FITTING.
mh6dwlm ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

MINERS' SLEIGHS

300 MINERS' SLEIGHS FOR SALE at Victoria Prices by
W. J. STEPHENS,
fe2 At Fort Wrangel.

JAMES SYME,
ARCHITECT,
MASONIC BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.,
ja6 1m VICTORIA, B. C.

Daily British Colonist.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10TH, 1877.

L. P. FISHER, 20 and 21 New Merchants Exchange is our authorized Agent in San Francisco.

RETROSPECTIVE AND PROSPECTIVE.

When, in the session of 1874, the then Chief Commissioner unfolded the policy of his department to the House, when he had shown that there was about to be an enormous expenditure of money on public works, far beyond the revenue capacity of the country to provide, he was asked by one of the honorable members in opposition, "Where is the money that is to pay for all these luxuries to come from?" "If, replied the Chief," the honorable gentleman had paid attention to the Budget Speech, he would have known that the Government proposes to expend the capital sum of $940,000, now held in trust for us by Canada; and that we shall build all the roads the country shall require for ten years, and the drydock, and carry on the Government for an indefinite period *without borrowing a cent or taxing the country a single dollar.*" The galleries applauded these remarks to the echo, for were not the Government about to provide work for every man in the Province at a high rate of wages, and not a single dollar was to be raised by way of taxation or loan? *Eureka!* The Government had discovered the secret of turning all things they touched into gold. They had possessed themselves of Aladdin's lamp and had only to rub it to obtain all the funds they wished. We have often wondered that the ex-Chief did not engage to place a silver spoon in every child's mouth. The picture of prosperity he drew would have then been complete.

We remember pointing out at the time the absurdity of these promises, and cautioning people against accepting as sound political economy the declarations of a man who had imbibed his ideas on finances within the narrow limits of a twopenny ha'penny shop, and whose heaviest financial operation had probably not exceeded the sale of a bill of four dollars' worth of goods. A million of dollars to be expended without borrowing or taxing. Nothing of the kind was ever before hear of, and we earnestly hope nothing of the kind will ever be again. The financial policy of the Government was accepted by the House and country. Money was scattered broadcast, and within two years the Government of the Midas touch confronted an indignant people with a load of indebtedness that threatened to crush the young life out of the Province. Not only were they in debt to workingmen and contractors, to tradesmen from Victoria to Cariboo, to civil servants for their salaries; but they had incurred a liability to Canada beyond the capacity of the Province to discharge for many years, and, worse than all, had thereby seriously jeopardised the construction of the overland railway. So soon as the effects of this unique fiscal policy were properly understood by the country, the hue-and-cry was raised against the Government. They were speedily turned out of office and more capable and intelligent men substituted. The present Government accepted office under the most unfavorable circumstances. Mr. McCreight had handed over the Government to Messrs. DeCosmos and Walkem with a surplus of $100,000 in the Treasury. When Mr. Elliott succeeded Mr. Walkem the treasury was innocent of even the "fragrance of a dollar," and the Province was $756,000 in debt besides. The money "held in trust for us" by Canada had proved to be an advance or loan at five per cent. interest, and the subsidy for 1876 was in pawn to the same Government for an advance of $150,000. Besides leaving behind them this enormous liability to be provided for by their successors, the Walkem Government seem to have been incapable of devising ways and means for creating a revenue. When their borrowing capacity was at an end—when they had pledged all the debentures that capitalists would take at a liberal discount and at a high rate of interest, and when contractors and employes clamored at the treasury doors for their hard-earned money, they were at their wits' end. They simply threw up their hands in utter despair and went down without making an intelligent effort to save themselves or the country from ruin. Read the Governor's Speech delivered when Mr. Walkem met the House as First Minister for the last time and contrast it with Mr. Elliott's speech when he came back to the House after accepting office with the magnificent endorsement of two-thirds of his constituents. The Lieut.-Governor's speech contains not an idea worthy of being remembered, nor a suggestion as to how the Government proposed to extricate the country from its financial strait. Mr. Elliott's speech, on the other hand, informs the House that liabilities to an enormous amount have got to be met, and that he will impose a light and equitable tax to accomplish it. This announcement aroused the people from the false security into which they had been lulled by the specious arguments of the former Government. But it was a wise policy that has met with entire success and which eventually will lift the country out of the mire into which DeCosmos-Walkem plunged and left it and place its feet on dry land.

The Estimates before us show a decrease; but the public works to be executed will not be less in importance than those undertaken last year. If there is less to be voted this session the decrease is attributable to the fact that the present Government have discharged a large part of the liabilities left unprovided for by their predecessors. If debentures have been deposited as collateral security at the Bank for advances, it is partly due to the fact that the late Minister of Finance neglected to incorporate the principle of the sinking fund in the Loan Bill, and partly to extricate debentures pledged by Walkem & Co. If the expenditure of 1876 has exceeded the revenue the cause will be found to lie with the late Government who in one department alone left $263,000 for the present Government to pay off. If there is a deficit of $116,000 to be met this year, there was a deficit of $350,000 last year, and a deficit of $587,000 the year before. If a few salaries have been slightly increased, it will be found that they have been adjusted on a fair and equitable scale, in repudiation of the policy of the Walkem Government, which starved some worthy officials while it pampered others of less worthy characteristics.

The present Government are engaged in the laudable effort of extricating the country from the financial difficulties into which it was led by Mr. Walkem and his coadjutors. In furtherance of their policy they were entitled to the active sympathy and support of the men who have been the cause of the disasters that have overtaken the Province during the part four years. But instead of receiving that sympathy and support they have been met at every turn with bitter opposition, unrelenting hostility and the foulest slanders. Happily the country has the good sense to see through the unpatriotic designs of the Opposition and to know that with Walkem & Co. the struggle is merely for place. The House and the country will, we feel sure, endorse the financial policy of the Government, and after a very few years of good Government we shall have the pleasure of announcing that the Province is out of debt.

Latest from Cassiar—Rich Strike.

The steamer Otter, Capt. McCulloch, arrived from Fort Wrangel and way ports yesterday afternoon. Amongst her passengers were: J.W. McKay, from Stickeen; Rev. Tomlinson, from Nass; Clarke Woods, from Woodcock's Landing; Mrs. Woods, from Nanaimo; and Mr. Eddy, from Skeena. Letters received by Gerke & Co. from McDame Creek state that Phillips & Dalton had struck hill diggings on the North Fork of McDame Creek. The prospects are rich. Twenty-five claims were immediately staked off, and the whole district is greatly excited over the discovery.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[Exclusive Dispatch to the Colonist.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Ophir 16¾; Mexican 12½; B & B 23¾; California 42½; Grand C 10¾; Con Va 39; Savage 4 95, Chollar 43¼; Point 6¼; H & N 115; Jacket 8; Imperial 1.05; Alpha 11½; Belcher 5½; Utah 10¾; Bullion 8¾; Exchequer 4.15; Overman 35¾; Justice 10; Union 6; Julia 275; Caledonia 485.

SEATTLE, W.T.—"J. L." writes April 8th: The Jubilees have been and gone. They played to three crowded houses. They return here Friday the 13th and give a performance for the benefit of the Y.M.C.A....Bell, of the English Opera Troupe, has engaged the services of Miss Bella Chapelle who is a mezzo soprano. ....The P.M. S.S. Dakota brought to this place 1449 packages of freight....A match game of billiards took place at the Office Saloon between T. Whiting and C. Riley, $50 aside, 500 points. Whiting won by 31 points....Bark Montana and ship Washington Libby are ready to sail for 'Frisco....As the steamer Zephyr was making her usual trip to Olympia Thursday she broke the crank pin of one of her engines and had to put back for repairs. ....Yesterday was the Chinese feast of the dead and the Mongolians turned out in strong force....Mr. J. R. Robbins will leave for the Black Hills....It is estimated that 3000 men will find employment in the Columbia fisheries this summer....Vessels due—Bark Gem of the Ocean and ship Western Shore....John P. Judson was elected Mayor of Olympia. ....Yesterday we were visited by a hail storm....The Dakota will leave here on Sunday and leave Victoria Tuesday at noon for Frisco....A man employed at the Tacoma mills had one of his arms cut off yesterday by the circular saw....Wm. McCurdy has gone down to Neah Bay to establish a life-saving station in accordance with orders from Washington.... The Presbyterian Church will be dedicated to-morrow (Sunday)....The steamer Beaver from Victoria arrived here at 5:30 p.m. with the following visitors to Seattle: R. Lipsett, L. McQuade and wife, G.C. Keays and wife, C. Cooper, P. Briggs, T. Mann, J. H. Sherwood. When the Beaver landed at the wharf a laughable incident took place. As the rope was thrown and Mr. Lipsett tried to catch it, he slipped and fell overboard and took a salt water bath....A couple of young bears were caught yesterday at the Talbot mines.

THE ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE will sail from San Francisco for Victoria to-day. Another lady—Miss Rose Chappelle—a mezzo soprano, has been engaged from New York and the company will be enabled to present the operas much more fully than when here before. In "Maritana," the opening opera to be presented on Saturday evening, Miss Chappelle takes the part of Marchioness. Capt. Tilbury returned from Portland last evening by the California and reports that a large subscription list has been formed at that city.

MOUNT ELIAS.—This mountain, which is situated on the dividing line between Alaska and British Columbia, is 19,000 feet high and its summit is covered with eternal snow. It has never been scaled by mortal man; but Mr. Taylor, a prominent citizen of Chicago, who arrived by the California last evening, with a party, intends to reach the top, if it can be accomplished. Lieut. Wood, U.S. A., and six soldiers accompany Mr. Taylor.

FINES, FEES AND FORFEITURES.—Hon Mr. Ell ott has introduced a Bill to allow Municipalities paying the annual salary of a Police Magistrate and maintaining a Police force to retain and use for Municipal purposes all Police Court fines, fees and forfeitures.

ACCIDENT.—A dispatch received on Sunday, says that purser Lipsett of the Beaver on the way to Seattle fell overboard, and had a narrow escape from drowning.

CORRECTION.—For J. H. Jones in the report of the St. Paul's (Esquimalt) vestry meeting, on Sunday, read "J. H. Innes."

A BILL to extend the "Trades marks and Industrial Designs Act" to this Province has been introduced at Ottawa.

THE Georgia Minstrels have broken up in a row.

The Silver Plethora.

EDITOR COLONIST:—In your paper yesterday you stated that "Silver is actually getting scarce in town." If this statement is only a funny way of yours, it expresses the dulness of the existing times and the general scarcity of money. Then all will agree with you, but as the general public may not be able to see the *Colonist* "joke" it might be well to explain it; especially as a literal interpretation of your item will naturally tend further to denude our province of gold coin and flood us still more with silver.

The silver nuisance is now as bad as ever it was; the Bank discount on it is 7 per cent. The principal storekeepers receive it only at 5 per cent discount, and get a great portion of their receipts in silver. Silver is stacked up in nearly every safe in town and in many cases remains there till the impatient holders take it to the bank at 7 per cent discount. Even now in a Government street store a card is displayed offering silver for sale at 5 per cent.

It is a cruel thing to ask a man to explain his own jokes; but knowing that you hold the public interest superior to personal feeling, I feel assured that you am now prepared to suffer that the public weal may be advanced.

History is pregnant with instances of men becoming martyrs for "gold;" but you, Mr. Editor, eclipse them now by going to the stake for "Silver."

MERCHANT.

The Cache Creek School Scandal.

EDITOR COLONIST:—The above institution requires an immediate and drastic remedy. Send the girl's home; let it be simply a boys' establishment, for which a master and a practical matron will fulfy suffice, and a common day mixed school, for schoolars that can attend within a radius of say three miles. This is all that is required and the sooner it is done the better for all concerned.

April 9, 1877. ONE WHO KNOWS.

The Wellington Strike.

EDITOR COLONIST:—Allow an outsider a word on this subject, and by an outsider I mean one who not only has no interest, except from a humaniterian point of view, in the parties concerned, but he has not even seen one of them to his knowledge. To your remarks of to day I heartily subscribe, except the one approving of the suggestion of settlement by a commission. If I am willing to employ a servant at $35 per month, and the said servant is unwilling to work for me under $40, and some one who neither knows my circumstances nor my servants so well as I do myself, nor the pleasures or pains of our living together, steps in and decides that I am to pay $34, or $35 or $36, how long and how pleasantly we are likely to get on together? Should I not be rather critical of labor thus forced on me? And will the labor given to me so unwillingly be of that earnest, industrious character which I ought to receive, or will it be simply "eye service."

Has Mr. Dunsmuir any contract with the men which he is trying to evade? If so, let them make up a joint purse and appeal to the courts for injustice. The winning of one suit would carry all the others without further question. But if there is no contract, or if there is one which the men have broken, surely he is entitled to reoccupy his own premises and find other men!

And if he will only send to the States for them, he will get for the asking a hundred for every one he requires. There are at present thousands of men out of employment, even in San Francisco, hundreds of whom will be glad to work for their mere living. And in the Eastern States matters are still worse. A correspondent of the London *Times* writes that one-half of the 30,000 to 40,000 now usually employed in the anthracite coal region are out of employment, and he believes there are more men out of employment in Pennsylvania than in all England. He adds that 2000 men are out on strike from the car-works of the Lakawanna Railroad Co., on account of a reduction in their wages to $1.20 per day for good mechanics, who have to board themselves at a cost of $4 50 or $5 per week. He further adds that at the New Jersey iron and steel works laborers' wages are reduced to 90 cents per day. Strikes which were commenced at the east when wages were high are now rare. The manufacturers are thus enabled to turn out a large production at bedrock prices, and to compete with foreign nations and turn the balance of trade in favor of America, which will doubtless thus be enabled to surmount the present difficulties, while a foundation is being laid for a new era of prosperity. Here, I am sorry to say, the mania in favor of high wages is not yet cured. Dunsmuir's men, if his published statement of 29th ult. is correct, have been receiving an average of $2 65 per day for 6, 7, or 8 hours' work! And yet there are people weak enough to sympathise with them in their course and even to encourage them to hold on to property which does not belong to them in defiance of the law. My advice not only to the Wellington owners but to all the coal proprietors of the Island is to reduce their average wages to $1 50 per day; and if the men decline this to combine and bring out a few hundred good miners from Pennsylvania, Canada, or even from England. They would jump at the chance and gladly give their notes of hand for the necessary travelling expenses, and by careful inquiry into their characters before engaging them an industrious and highly valuable addition would be made to our population. The Australians are now carrying emigrants from New York. Let employers here follow this spirited example and emancipate themselves from a tyranny which, if it is allowed to continue, must be the ruin of the coal mining, as it has already almost been the ruin of the agricultural interests of the Province.

ONLOOKER.

VICTORIA, 8th April.

[We cannot regard the low-wages proposition of our correspondent with favor; but there is much in his letter of which we approve, and which the men now on strike at Nanaimo would do well to lay to heart. A Commission appointed to settle the difference between labor and capital, would not confine their inquiries to the mere question of the price of labor. There were other differences between mine-owners and miners which might have been property referred to a Commission; and, naturally, when other points were settled, the wages dispute might also have been composed. Considering the cost of living in the Province the present rate of wages is not exorbitant. Before labor will fall in price in British Columbia the necessaries of life must drop. Of this we see no immediate prospect. So far as concerns the retention of the house property of the Company by the miners, the act has cost them the sympathy and support of Victoria, if not of Nanaimo.—ED. COLONIST.]

BLANKBOOK MANUFACTORY AND BOOKBINDERY.

Paper ruled to any pattern. Tickets, receipts, etc., numbered and perforated. Charts and maps mounted. The best classes of modern machinery employed. R. T. WILLIAMS, Government street, entrance through Messrs. Hibben & Co.'s store.

By Electric Telegraph.

EXCLUSIVE TO THE COLONIST.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

EUROPE.

LONDON, April 6.—The *Times'* Cettinje dispatch says everything is tranquil in Montenegro. Great destitution prevails in some parts; but quantities of food from Russia are being landed and forwarded to relieve people.

PARIS, April 6.—M. Paul DeCassagnac has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment, and a fine of three thousand francs for insulting the chamber of deputies.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 6.—The Plague has appeared at Bagdad.

PARIS, April 6.—The French government has not decided about sending ambassadors to Constantinople, as the disposition of the Porte seems to be less satisfactory than before.

LONDON, April 6.—A fishing boat in attempt to enter Banff Harbor to-day, was dashed on the rocks, and six of the crew drowned.

BERLIN, April 6.—The cabinet will experience some difficultyin dispatching the ordinary business when deprived of Bismarck, Conservatives and ultramontanes doubtless hope to profit by Bismarck's retirement, to procure a change of system; yet there is little chance of it.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Vienna telegraphs that a report is current that Bismarck resigned because the king of Saxony complained to the Emperor of the Chancellor.

CANADA.

OTTAWA, April 6.—Some six hundred working men assembled in City Hall Square and demanded work or bread from the mayor. That gentleman addressed them and then they went to the Parliament buildings and demanded an interview with premier Mackenzie who refused to see them, as he was engaged on some important business.

The men entered the building and insisted on seeing him. Mackenzie still refused and they passed a vote of censure and dispersed.

OTTAWA, April 7th.—The men of the city interviewed Mackenzie this morning. He addressed them and said the government had no power to grant them relief. It was a matter for local legislation and municipal council, but he would willingly contribute liberally to a relief fund, and the men dispersed quietly, a relief fund was started.

Second Dispatch.

EASTERN STATES.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Blanche Gray, the actress, is admitted to perfectly answer the Press description of the woman living at the same house with Oakey Hall in London, and there is little doubt of her identity. She is of English birth, and was an intimate friend of Hall's here before going to Europe, suddenly six weeks ago. It is now asserted that Hall left $70,000 in real estate behind him; also that he has abundant other means, and the story of his poverty is only a blind.

KANSAS CITY, April 7.—The *Journal of Commerce* to-morrow will contain an article in reference to the Bender butcheries. It states positively that the Bender family was captured by a band of Vigilantes and hanged, while attempting to escape from Kansas. The statement is based on a confession of one who participated in the lynching. All the facts in the case are said to have been known to Gov. Osborne ever since its occurrence.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The *Tribune's* New Orleans special says: Every mention of Packard in the mass meeting to-day, evoked cries of laughter while the name of Nicholls was granted with cheers. Pinchback and Alsaine delivered the best speeches. They spoke favoring the obliteration of the color line.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—Arrived—Ship Germania, Bellingham Bay; schr Aurora, Port Gamble.

Sailed—Ship War Hawk, Port Discovery; bk Forest Queen, Pt Ludlow; bktne W. H. Gawley, Pt Madison.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—Arrived—Ship Shirley, Tacoma; ship Otago, Pt Gamble, schr Courser, Pt Townsend; bk Tidal Wave, Madison; bk Amethyst, B. Bay; bk Osymn, Seattle; bk Revere, Seattle.

Sailed—bk King Phillip, Pt Gamble; bk J.R. Bell, Seattle; bk Martha Rideout, ship Coquimbo, Madison; bk Jas. Chesston, Pt Gamble.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—California declares dividend of 2 dollars payable on the 16th inst. Assessments of 1 dollar have been levied by Gould & Currey and Julia, and 50 cents by Hale & Norcross. An assessment of five dollars has been levied by Overman, and another of 2 dollars by Bullion, which accounts for the big drop of stocks to-day.

EUROPE.

BERLIN, April 8.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* announces that in compliance with the request of the Czar Turkey has consented to be the first to disarm.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 7.—This evening an extraordinary council of ministers was held. The transmission of decisions arrived at, has not yet been allowed. The cabinet meets again this morning, when definite resolutions will be adopted, regarding the protocol. The question of disarmament and negotiations with Montenegro will be communicated to the charge d'affairs to-morrow. Some uneasiness prevails as to the result of the deliberations.

LONDON, April 7.—The *Times* in a leading article says our government has not passed the bounds of constitutional right in the expression of public opinion, or its engagements regarding Turkey; but Russia received all she asked for, and probably more than she expected. There is also the feeling at Vienna that Lord Derby's declaration defers the deliberation on the common action of the Powers; but it does affect the principles contained in the text of protocol. We have a right to say the Powers, particularly England, have not been wanting in good will towards Russia. We hope the Russian government will show it knows how to regard the spirit in which it has been met.

LONDON, April 7.—C'Leary won the walking match, which ended at 2 50 p.m. to-day, Weston being 22 miles behind.

New Advertisements.

Another Card from Mr. Dunsmuir.

EDITOR FREE PRESS:—It having come to my knowledge that certain parties are spreading a report that the list of wages which I furnished you for publication in your last issue was specially selected on account of the high figures reached by some of the miners, I now send you a statement of a few more to show that such was not the case, as they were only taken from the pay sheet in the order in which the men were paid.

	Days.	Pay in full.
S. Cadman	17	$ 50 75
J. H. Evans	16	48 05
Thos. McNeil	25	76 10
Wm. Tree	20	59 75
Wm. O. Baker	19	69 05
Wm. Thomas	22	76 05
Hoffer & Marshall	21½	180 70
John Dickson	21	63 15
James Knight	23	72 50
Alfred Louis	8	25 40
John Bolton	24	77 65
Wm. Barrett & Co	25	181 24
Thomas Richard	18	60 85
John Prior	20	60 70
James Harris	21	106 78
John Jones	19	96 70
Samuel Trethewey	23	67 45
Thomas Goldsworthy	21	106 78
Henry Briggs	17	49 65
Caleb Colmer	21	106 78
Wm. Cowling	21	106 78
Wm. and Andrew Spence	24	158 85
Edward Hoskins	22	97 20
Reese Evans	15	45 60
James Dunlop	23	87 45
Hardy & Robert Speirs	23	227 95
S. B. Hamilton	25½	76 05
Wm. Head	9	36 05
John Jenkins and John Briggs	7	56 15
Wm. Thomas, Jr.	20	71 25

On calculating the figures with which I formerly furnished you, I find the average to be about $3 45 per day. The present list you will find average over $3 70, which is a strong proof that the list was not picked as has been stated. I may state that in my former card I find that the figures published by you differ from the amounts actually paid in the following cases:

John Hoskins, 19 days, $54 80, should be $74 30.
John Davis, 24 days, $80 50, should be $116 50.
Wm. Bailey, 21 days, $62 50, should be $84.

This difference brings the average on my former card to $3 62 per day.

I would have put lished a list of the wages made by the late miners of Wellington earlier in this strike, but knowing that miners elsewhere were making less money on an average, I did not think it right to cause any feeling of dissatisfaction amongst them, and I have only been induced to do so now from a knowledge that bagging Committees have been sent throughout the Island for the purpose of collecting funds from those who are not earning as much money as they themselves were doing when willing to work.

Yours truly, R. DUNSMUIR.
Nanaimo, 3rd April, 1877. ap10

Appointments.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, April 7th, 1877.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint H. B. W. AIKMAN, Esq., to act as Registrar under and to carry out the "Marriage Ordinance, 1867," and the "Marriage Ordinance Amendment Act, 1872." ap10

Amusements.

Theatre Royal.

A SEASON OF OPERA!

THE GRAND

ENGLISH & COMIC Opera Company,

Comprising the following Talented Artists:—

MISS JENNIE WINSTON, Soprano.
MISS MARION SINGER, Contralto.
MR. W. H. TILLA, Tenor, (Late Tenor of Kellogg's Opera Co.)
MR. EDWARD FARLEY, Basso.
MR. A. H. BELL, Bufo.
And the distinguished Musical Artist
MR. LOUIS BODECKER, Conductor.

Commencing Saturday Even'g, April 14,

With Wallace's beautiful English Opera (omitting Choruses) of

"Maritana,"

Monday—La Sonambula.
Sale of Seats as usual at Redfern's.
ap7 GEO. F. TILBURY, Agent.

Theatre Royal

THEO. CARLTON - - - Lessee and Manager.

MR. CARLTON takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Victoria and vicinity that he has engaged for a short season only the World Renowned and

Original Tennessee

JUBILEE SINGERS!!

COMMENCING

Monday Evening April 9th, 1877.

FOR FOUR NIGHTS,

— AND —

Grand Matinee Thursday Afternoon

The Company consist of Ten people, five young ladies and five young gentlemen, all slaves before the war, who were freed by the Proclamation of Abraham Lincoln.

MISS LULU HENDERSON, The Child Wonder.
MISS ANNA HENDERSON, Soprano.
MISS DELLA RENO, Alto and Baritone.
MISS ANNA WINSTON,
MISS DORA CLARK,
HENRY HUNLY, The finest Basso in the Country.
JOHN HENDERSON, The Lovely Tenor.
FRANK GRIMES, The Great Baritone.
ALBERT BYRD, and
T. JACKSON.

Door open at 7 o'clock; Performance commences at 8 o'clock
ADMISSION $1 and 50 cents. No Extra Charge for Reserved Seats.
Tickets on sale at G. W. A. Lange's Jewelery Store, Government street, opposite COLONIST Office.
Grand Holiday Matinee on Thursday Afternoon at 2 o'clock. ap5 5t

EX DAKOTA

F. Neufelder & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED FROM HAVANA direct and keep constantly in Stock, a large assortment of

CHOICE BRANDS OF CIGARS.

ap4

OPPOSITION.

THE STEAMER

Glenora

Will leave New Westminster for Yale and Way Ports on April 14th, and will make Regular Trips, leaving New Westminster Wednesday and Saturday; and Yale on Monday and Friday.
For Freight or Passage apply to
GEO. ODIN, Captain.
Victoria, March 22, 1877. mh31

New Advertisements.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

CARRYING H. M. MAILS.



FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL S S.

DAKOTA,

CAPTAIN - - - - - MORSE.

Will leave Engelhardt & Co's wharf at Esquimalt for San Francisco

On Tuesday, April 10th,

AT 12 O CLOCK, NOON,

All Freight and baggage for her must be on the Wharf at Victoria by Monday Afternoon at 5 o'clock.

For Freight or Passage apply to
ENGELHARDT & CO.,
ap7 Agents.

COURT OF REVISION

On Municipal Assessment Roll. 1877

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Sitting of this Court will be held on

Wednesday the 2d day of May at 12 noon,

To hear Appeals, at the City Council Chambers, Government street, and that all appellants must then and there appear personally.

Any person or persons wishing to appeal must send in a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Municipal Council, on or before the 25th day of April, 1877.

By order of the Court.
WILLIAM LEIGH, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, 31st March, 1877. ap7

South Sea Island Shell Store.

FRED'K KAYE

Next door to Bank Exchange, near Langley's, Yates Street.

HAS RETURNED TO THE SOUTH SEA Island Shell Store, where can be seen the handsomest display of Shells and other natural curiosities on the Pacific Coast. ap4

SMOKERS

We have again to call your attention to the numerous IMITATIONS of the

MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

THE STAMP

T. & B.

IN GILT LETTERS

Is on Each Plug of the GENUINE.

VICTORIA, V. I., March 23, 1877. J. H. TODD, Sole Agent for B. C. mh30

W. R. CLARKE,

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

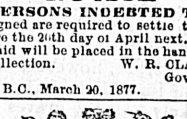
Fireproof Brick Building, Yates St., VICTORIA.

Real Estate, Furniture and Goods of all Descriptions Sold at Reasonable Rates.

☞ CONSIGNMENTS of Merchandise of all kinds respectfully solicited. ap7

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE UNdersigned are required to settle their accounts on or before the 30th day of April next. All accounts not then paid will be placed in the hands of my solicitor for collection. W. R. CLARKE, Government St.
Victoria, B.C., March 30, 1877. mh21



Repairs to Jetties and Boathouse.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED ON BEhalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, between 9 a.m. and Noon on Thursday, the 12th inst., for sundry repairs to Jetties at the Dockyard and Thetis Island, and to the Dockyard Boathouse.

Specifications can be seen at this office any day (Saturday Afternoons excepted) between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JAMES H INNES,
Royal Naval Yard, Naval Storekeeper.
Esquimalt, 5th April, 1877. ap6

WHY IS THE

OSBORN FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

The Best Made?

Because it is less complicated than any other.
Because it is the easiest to learn.
Because the wide range of work performed by it is such as no other family machine can do.
Because it is silent and rapid in its movements.
Because it has the best tension, best shuttle and no gear wheels.
Because it is impossible to put it out of order by use.
Because it challenges the world for its equal.

ALL MACHINES WARRANTED.

A large assortment of Machines, Oil, Needles, Attachments, &c., at

T. FLETCHER'S,
mh27dw3m Agent for the Osborn, Fort St., Victoria.

A Chance for a Business Man.

AN OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO A capitalist to engage in a manufacturing business in this Province, where the profits will be large and certain. Every facility has been secured to ensure perfect success. Address "BUSINESS," at THE COLONIST office. n h18dw1m

Lost—$5 Reward.

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID by the undersigned for the return of a Dark Bay Mare, popularly known as the property of Henry Nathan, Esq., which strayed away on Friday last from Dr. Helmcken's lot. J. T. DUNLOP,
ap3 Prince of Wales Stables, Broad St.

Hemlock Bark.

TENDERS ARE INVITED BY THE UNdersigned till the 10th of May next for the supply of 250 Cords of Hemlock Bark, to be delivered at Rock Bay Tannery, Victoria, in good order and closely piled for measurement.

Tenders may be made for the whole or portions thereof. Further particulars on application.
W. HEATHORN,
Victoria Boot and Shoe Manufactory,
ap3 Victoria.

Conundrum and Answer.

Ques.—Why are the new sills in the Postoffice like a boiler after an explosion?
Ans.—Because they are in pieces.
ap4 1w

Wanted.

A FEMALE SERVANT TO DO GENERAL House work. Wages Thirty Dollars per month.
ap4 2w Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Daily British Colonist.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10TH, 1877.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

April 9.—str Dakota, Port Townsend
str Etta White, Burrard Inlet
str North Pacific, Pt Townsend
str Beaver, Pt Townsend
sch Kate, Fort Wrangel

CLEARED.

April 9—str Enterprise, New Westminster
str Cariboo-Fly, Nanaimo
str Beaver, Nanaimo
str Dakota, San Francisco
str Etta White, Burrard Inlet
str North Pacific, Pt Townsend

DEATHS.

Died, suddenly, on his way to the Cassiar mines, a few miles below Wrangel, on the 12th March, 1877, George Roper Lawrence, aged 47 years, a native of Whitehaven, Cumberland, England. Deceased leaves a wife and six children to mourn their loss.

San Francisco, and Whitehaven, Cumberland, England, papers please copy.

BIRTHS.

On the 1st April, the wife of Mr. J. Dixon, Wellington, of a daughter.

At Nanaimo, on 6th April; the wife of Mr. W. Hudson, of a daughter.

SECOND PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

SECOND SESSION.

MONDAY, April 9.

The Speaker took the Chair at 2:05 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Elliott moved that the House proceed with the orders of the day.

PRIVILEGE.

Hon. Mr. Elliott wished to correct a misstatement in the newspaper reports in which he had been made to say that he thought we had every right to constitute courts of criminal procedure; whereas he had really said that he thought we had every right to constitute courts of criminal jurisdiction.

Mr. Walkem wished the Government to define the course they intended to adopt in bringing down the Estimates. He described the methods of procedure in this matter at Ottawa and London.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said that circumstances would determine the course to be adopted.

Mr. Walkem again pressed for an answer on this topic.

Mr. Beaven read a passage from the Canadian "Hansard" in support of his views on this subject.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said that there was no absolute rule on this question. The usual course as given in "May" was for the Budget speech to be made in Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Walkem—Does the hon. gentleman intend to bring it down to-day.

Hon. Mr. Smithe explained that he had intended on entering the House to bring the Estimates before the House.

Mr. Walkem complained that such a course would take him by surprise.

Hon. Mr. Smithe was willing to postpone the matter if such was the wish of the House.

Hon. Mr. Elliott contrasted the remarks of the hon. gentlemen opposite who he believed had hitherto been pretending to hurry on the consideration of the Estimates and now they complained of being taken by surprise.

The Speaker was about to put the question that "I do leave the Chair" preparatory to going into Committee of Supply when

Mr. Walkem rose, and after stating that it was customary before going into Committee on the Estimates for members who felt so disposed to avail themselves of an old privilege under which they were entitled to review the whole course of the Government and to enlarge upon any grievances from which the country might be suffering. This privilege he intended to claim on this present occasion. He declared that the condition of the Province was never worse than at the present time and drew a pitiful picture of the distress and suffering which he asserted existed in the Colony. All classes were involved in these troubles which, arising from causes beyond their control, commencing in the East, had travelled westward to California and have at last found their way to British Columbia. Hon. gentlemen opposite had admitted last year that economy was required, and yet he was prepared to show that the Province was deeper in debt now than ever. He drew a parallel between the conduct of the Government and that of a board of directors of a banking or other large business, and enquired indignantly if the creditors of such an establishment would approve of the conduct of said board if with a decreasing trade they proposed to incur fresh liabilities. He accused the Government of increasing the expenditure for the civil service by some $8000, and of proposing to borrow $117,000, which he did not believe they could do except at a rate of from 10 to 15 per cent. Instead of the motion to go into Committee he would move that "In view of the present serious financial embarrassment of the Province, and the very grave depression which exists in all branches of trade and industry, this House deems it essentially necessary in the interests of the people that the cost of the civil service should not, as a matter of provident economy, be increased." The hon. gentleman continued in this strain for some time declaring that he did not bring this forward as a party measure, and said that the fourth portfolio which existed during his own Ministry was necessary because of the extra work which was entailed on his Government by Confederation, and he wished to maintain a balance of power between the Island and Mainland. If this was a party question he would sit down (hear, hear.) If any gentlemen were going to vote on it as a party question they had better leave the House (hear, hear.) He proceeded to claim for the Government or any other employer the right of fixing the hours of labor, and was about to enlarge on some of the items on the Estimates when he was called to order by

Mr. Speaker, who informed him that the license which he had claimed on rising, large as it was, did not allow him to trench on subjects which could be properly discussed only in Committee of Supply.

Hon. Mr. Walkem then began again, and after going over all the argument, which he had already adduced in support of his motion sat down amidst loud cheers from Messrs. Humphreys, Beaven and Ash.

Hon. Mr. Elliott, after a few words on the time which had already been lost, said that the speech of the hon. gentleman opposite was in tune with the newspaper which was reported to be his organ and with his sayings and those of his supporters outside of the House. They were always doing their best to damage the credit of the country. The hon. gentleman had presented a lamentable picture of the Province, but he believed it to be very much overdrawn (hear, hear.) The country was not in as good condition as it ought to be, but it was in nothing like such a desperate state as the hon. gentleman said it was (hear, hear.) It would have been in a far better state but for the wild and wicked assertions of the gentleman who had left his Government and now sat in the rear ranks of the Opposition. He thought after a review of his experience that the re-establishment of the fourth portfolio was advisable, but it was for the House to say if it could be allowed. As for the remarks of the hon. gentleman on the Opposition benches he himself had advised him not to try to carry on the Government without it. (Cheers and laughter.) Respecting the increase to official salaries it was after all but a small matter, and that even the Opposition members had said that some of the Government were underpaid. The member for Comox, for instance, had remarked that it was infamous to have an auditor at so low a salary. The total of expenditure showed a decrease as compared with last year of $116,000. It was competent for the House to reduce this if it thought, and proper, hon. gentleman opposite would have much better taste if they had waited till the House was in Committee and they could consider these matters item by item in due course (hear, hear.)

Mr Smith criticized the conduct of the Leader of the Opposition, and Mr. DeCosmos who could not conduct the business of the country with less than 4 paid, and 2 unpaid ministers. This was the hon. gentleman's creed while in power; but now he was in opposition he spoke of a fourth portfolio as an imposition. He believed that their real object in keeping 6 ministers was because that, six, with a follower or two each, could control the House.

Capt. Evans said he did not wish to speak at length, particularly as there were complaints of the waste of time. He then travelled over much the same ground as Mr. Walkem, said he could point out instances of economy having been carried so far as to injure works of utility, and was just entering on his favorite subject of every man having his price, when

Mr. Smith rose and protested against the practice of members and frittering away the time of the house on repititions of the stale jokes and scandal, which they had heard outside. (Laughter.)

Capt. Evans in continuation accused the Government of wishing to re-establish the fourth portfolio only to reward a faithful adherent. Indulged in the old taunts about the Government wishing to keep their position. Said he was glad that the resolution of the Leader of the Opposition was worded so as to appeal to the pockets of members, rather than to parties, (Hear, hear from Mr. Walkem) and after a few remarks on the flopping of members, hoped the house would show a true sense of its duties on this question and sat down.

Mr. Fisher reviewed with great force and vigor the course of the late Ministry, claiming that the present liabilities and the present depression were owing to the extravagance of their predecessors. He wanted no better proof of the ability of the present Government than the fact that they could borrow money at 7 per cent. when it was 5 per cent. in England. One of our financial members had fixed the rate of interest at which one could borrow money at 18 per cent. The unpatriotic course of the Opposition had damaged the bonds, which, but for the unprincipled course of the Opposition, could have sold higher in London than they did here. The situation at the treasury was good, and the faithful servants whose renumeration was increased deserved consideration long ago (hear). We had been told of the great distress existing here, but the distres was all over Eastern Canada and the United States. He agreed with the leader of the Opposition's motto—the Dominion first, the Province second, the Districts third, and he hope he (Mr. Walkem) would add, SELF last. (Laughter.) How Mr. Walkem could reconcile his first speech with his conduct now he (Mr. Fisher) could not imagine. Talking of portfolios, if Mr. Walkem had remained here instead of watching punch-and judy shows in Oxford street, (laughter) enjoying himself in dancing attendance on Lord Carnarvon, in eating big London dinners, and bringing the Province into debt, there would have been no debt now to provide for. Lord Dufferin acknowledged that the drydock was a national work and not a Provincial one (hear.) Mr. Fisher next gave the House the benefit of his experience in borrowing money on public works and said that he hoped no hon. gentleman in this House would attempt to mislead the public on this question. He had been threatened with pressure from his constituents; but he had never received a hint from a majority of his constituents that they wanted him to retire. He had never violated a pledge, and he paid no attention to what itinerant demagogues might say. At any rate, the politics of Parsons Bridge would not influence any independent member of this House (hear.) The idle men in San Francisco went there when affairs were more prosperous than they are now. He hoped he would never take money sweated out of the people of this Province and lose it in stocks on California street (laughter.) He would much rather know that there was to be a portfolio and the cost of it, than to help a man into power who would go to Cariboo and London, and back again and make the country pay for it. (Cheers.) We cannot discharge our liabilities unless we "beg, borrow or steal."

Mr. Beaven said the financial position of this Province was not good, and the strictest economy should be practiced. The official salaries should be arranged so that officers who had served a certain time should have an increase. He considered it impossible for any man to do a day's work between the hours of 10 and 4 p.m. He considered four Ministers necessary for the proper conduct of the Government. He (Mr. Beaven) had joined the DeCosmos Government only after being twice solicited. Could the hon. member for Yale say the same?

Mr. Smith—I don't think the hon. gentleman for Yale ever had the chance of refusing (laughter.)

Mr. Beaven continued that he believed in paying every officer well; but make him work for what he gets.

Hon. Mr. Smithe called attention to the unfairness of the course pursued by the Leader of the Opposition. When he (Mr. Smithe) was obliged to enter into an explanation on the finances of the country, he saw there would be opposition to the House going into Committee of Supply. He (Mr. Smithe) upon that pledge being given consented to postpone his explanation of the estimates and the Opposition had not adhered to their pledge (hear.) The hon. Leader of the Opposition claimed that this was not and ought not to be considered a party question, yet he introduced it at a time when it could be considered as nothing else. The result of a favorable vote upon this amendment would be what? The gentleman very well knows. The House had ordered that a supply be granted to Her Majesty, but if the amendment were passed the House would go into Committee of Supply with other gentlemen on the Treasury benches than those who now occupied them. The hon. gentleman proceeded to say that the amendment was a reflection (slight though it be) on the Government and could only be regarded as a party challenge. The amendment was of no importance. Every one of these items would come up in Committee of Ways and Means and if any salary had been unworthily increased the committee could deal with it. With respect to what Mr. Beaven had said as to salaries he agreed with him; but while that gentleman was in power he had not carried out his theory. In some of the offices work had greatly increased. In his own department work frequently began at 8 o'clock and ended late in the night. Some of the present clerks had entered the offices when boys and had grown up in the service. They had become efficient and was it right that they should receive now the same salaries that they received when boys?

Mr. Williams considered the raise in salaries a great mistake in the present state of depression.

Mr. Humphreys said this proposition ought to receive the favorable consideration of the House. He extolled the speech of the Leader of the Opposition as an able and argmentative one, and the amendment would be accepted if the Ministry were not afraid of losing their seats. The Dominion subsidies had been reduced in three years $21,749.

Hon. Mr. Smithe—That you must blame to the gentlemen on your side.

Mr. Humphreys—It makes no difference who did it, the fact remains. He accused Dr. Tolmie of saying that the country was in a more prosperous condition than when the late Government left office.

Dr. Tolmie—I haven't spoken to-day (laughter and cheers.)

Mr. Humphreys continued that the prosperity of the Province was fallacious. We have been expending double our revenue, and the statement that the Province is in a better condition than before was incorrect. The actual expenditure for 1876 was upwards of $800,000.

Hon. Mr. Smithe—That statement is wrong by more than $200,000 (cheers.)

Mr. Humphreys—The difference between the income and expenditure was money borrowed in the Province, and there was a reduction in public works of upwards of $72,000. With the exception of four officers in the city of Victoria there was not a single officer who earned more than $100 a month. They went to their work at 10 and knocked off at 4, and he saw no reason whatever to justify an increase of their salaries. The estimated spending for 1877 is $603,543. The estimated income is $407,350. The deficit is to be raised by loan and he contended that they could not raise this deficit. The amount obtained under the Loan Act of 1876 on account of the graving dock and other public works was $342,000, leaving some $7,000 unaccounted for. He predicted that next year it would be found that bankruptcy had overtaken the country and the Government would be execrated. He charged that the increase in salaries and officials was for political purposes, and that officials had been removed for political reasons, instancing Johnston Robertson.

Hon. Mr. Vernon said that the hon. gentleman did not understand the case he had quoted.

Mr. Mara said he had sat in the House six sessions and had heard five budget speeches made. During five of those sessions he had heard five speeches similar in nature to the one just heard from the same gentleman.

Mr. Humphreys said that he had never made such a speech before, because he did not understand the case as well before (laughter.)

Mr. Mara continued that he had heard nearly the same speech from the hon. gentleman on five different occasions. The same expressions—"reprehensible," "disgraceful," "outrageous," "traiotorous," "selling the people," etc., ran through them all, only they were directed against the gentlemen with whom Mr. Humphreys is now acting (hear and laughter.) This was the first time in his experience that a Government policy had been refused a hearing before the estimates were picked to pieces and an amendment moved. The Leader of the Opposition had said that the resolution did not mean a want of confidence. To a certain extent he agreed with the amendment: but an attack on the financial policy of a Government was never made till it had been laid before the House. The Leader of the Opposition had insisted on the Budget Speech not being made and then he brought in his vote of want of confidence. [Mr. Walkem—It is not a vote of want of confidence.] It does not give the Government a chance to explain their policy [cheers.] Two hon. gentlemen of the Opposition had said that a fourth portfolio was required, and yet they proposed not to give the Government a chance to explain why they had placed the vote on the estimates. He held there was a serious financial embarrassment when the late Government retired. [Mr. Beaven—No.] The hon. gentleman (Mr. Beaven) knows that contractors could not get their money during his administration. [Mr. Beaven—Name them.] He (Mr. Mara) could take the hon. gentleman to more than one contractor who had been told that they could not get their money during that hon. gentleman's reign.

Mr. Armstrong said that while he was Minister of Finance he never knew a contractor to come to the Treasury and go away without his money.

Mr. Mara—It was a matter of public notoriety and hon. gentlemen opposite know the names as well as I do.

Mr. Beaven—It is a notorious fact that the contractors were paid by the Walkem Government. After the Walkem Government went out of power several contractors under the Walkem Government did apply to the present Government and could not get their money.

Mr. Milby—Because you had spent it all. (Cheers.)

Mr. Mara—The late Government had to employ *a broker* to borrow money for them. The present Government had got all the money they required at the Bank. The late Government paid $600 to a broker to get them $30,000, and that was one reason why he said that the financial embarrassment was not as grave now as then. (Cheers.

Mr. Armstrong—That was because the Bank of California had failed. (Roars of laughter.)

Mr. Mara—The hon. gentleman (Mr. Beaven) was in office for three years. He did not establish a grade or scale for official salaries, but they raised and reduced salaries inaspasmodic manner. Refering to the decrease in the subsidy from Canada, as stated by Mr. Humphreys, Mr. Mara said that the subsidy was the same today as it was when the present Government took office, and that was one reason why Mr. Humphreys asked the House to vote a want of confidence in the Government—for errors of their predecessors. The Estimates of last year had been very little exceeded, notwithstanding the disaster that befel the Cariboo wagon-road. If $800,000 was really spent last year, who was to blame? The late Government, who left the country deeply in debt. Mr. Humphreys had said that the bonds were deposited at a ruinous rate of interest and could never be redeemed. But who deposited them? Mr. Humphreys himself. (Cheers.)

Mr. Humphreys—So I did; but I meant to say they would only be redeemed by depositing others.

Mr. Mara was glad the hon. gentleman had qualified his remarks, because he did not wish to think so hard of him that he had deposited the bonds at ruinous rate of interest without intenting to redeem them. (Laughter.) He contended again that this was the wrong time to discuss the question of the Estimates. It should not be done until the Government had laid their financial statement before the House.

RETURN.

Hon. Mr. Smithe presented a return of correspondence between the Government and the manager of the Bank of British Columbia relative to debentures.

Adjourned till 7:30 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Hon. Mr. Elliott to ask leave on Wednesday next to introduce a Bill intituled "An Act to amend the Constitution Act, 1871."

Mr. Gordon to ask the Attorney-General on Wednesday next whether the officers and men from H. M. S. Rocket who recently aided Mr. Sheriff Harris in the ejectment of certain miners from houses belonging to Dunsmuir, Diggle & Co at Wellington, were acting under orders from the Government?

EVENING SESSION.

The Speaker took the Chair at 7:30 o'clock p.m.

SUPPLY.

Dr. Ash moved an amendment to the amendment that the House go into Committee on Thursday, to which

Mr. Walkem objected.

Mr. Mara thought it in order.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said it was.

Mr. Walkem hotly maintained the amendment was not in order.

Dr. Ash as stoutly maintained the regularity of his amendment.

Mr. Speaker ruled it out of order.

Mr. Walkem—If that amendment is carried mine is destroyed.

Dr. Ash—I know it. (Laughter.)

Mr. Humphreys—If that motion is carried you'll remain there till next Thursday. (Laughter.)

The House was then rung in, and Dr. Ash voting with the Government, Mr. Walkem's amendment was defeated—14 to 8.

Mr. Walkem—My amendment is killed and it is killed by the hon. member for Comox.

Dr. Ash's amendment was lost—only Dr. Ash and Mr. W. Brown voting in the affirmative amid roars of laughter.

The motion that the House go into Committee of Supply was then carried unanimously amid loud cheering, and Mr. Mara took the Chair.

ESTIMATES.

The first item—Salary of the Private Secretary, $1500—was read.

Mr. Walkem, who said he was on terms of intimacy with Capt. Layton, said he could not vote for the salary. He found that in Ontario the Private Secretary's salary is $1000. He thought $1200 was ample.

Hon. Mr. Elliott said that this increase had nothing to do with the occupant of the office. The hon. gentleman would remember that in 1873 the salary was reduced from $1,452 to $1,200, because the then Private Secretary was a mere boy, living in his uncle's house. The gentleman now occupying that position must have a large amount of confidence placed in him and he thought that the least we could do would be to fix the salary at $1500.

Mr. Fisher said we must not conceal from ourselves the fact that the late secretary was a mere youth without any experience and now we have a thoroughly experienced man. He would certainly vote for the item.

Dr. Ash said this was an item on which less could be said in favor of an increase than perhaps any other.

Mr. Humphreys wished for a statement from the Government to justify the increase.

Hon. Mr. Elliott—This House in 1873 altered the salary from $1452 to $1200 because the occupant then was inexperienced. In increasing this he had not considered the occupant, but the office itself and its duties.

Mr. Milby said everyone would understand that the Private Secretary must be a man of education and experience, and a man of discretion. Talking about the number of dispatches he had to copy was absurd. He though that a man who was competent to fill such an important position should not be paid less than very many men holding just such a position in an office should get, and he thought the increase proposed small enough.

Mr. Gordon had considered this question well, and from his knowledge of a number of positions of a less confidential nature clerks had higher salaries. He, however, knew that everywhere those in whom the greatest amount of confidence can be placed a the higher salary. Talking of work, he certainly thought the remuneration to be paid to the hon. member for Comox (for which they would shortly vote) for his services during this session was less deserved than that of any other man in the house.

Mr. Armstrong knew more about the duties of this office than any member of this House, and it had always been a mystery to him to know what this officer had to do.

Mr. Beaven could not vote for the $1,500.

Dr. Tolmie said many matters irrevelant to this item had been brought up. The question should be, is this office necessary? And, again, can the gentleman do anything else at the same time? He thought not, and as such the gentleman should not be a mere boy, but an experienced man, and that as such he should be well paid. He was reluctant to vote against increased expenditure, especially when it is so urgent to retrench. Yet he thought that all would approve of this increase if we want to maintain the office.

Hon. Mr. Vernon thought the comparison between this Province and Ontario was very unfair. All description of labor is remunerated in the latter Pprovince at very much lower rates than gentlemen could be expected to work for here. Honorable gentlemen should remember that the Private Secretary in former years boarded at the Government House, whereas the present officer lives some distance away. The increase proposed is very trifling, and the position of Private Secretary, though perhaps not so onerous as that of other officials, still had to be filled by an educated man. It is not the voting of these sums that impoverishes a community, but excessive expenditures in public works.

Mr. Gordon thought the Private Secretary's service was worth as much as that of any gentleman in the House for his services judging by the amount of work done.

Mr. Humphreys would like to ask the hon. gentleman whether he could deny that this matter had been canvassed on the outside of the Executive? He was disposed to believe that it had.

Dr. Tolmie thought that if the office was necessary that we should support it creditably.

Mr. Gordon said he felt that he would be doing right in voting for this increase and would say that any scheme for general retrenchment commencing with the members he would give his word that he would support it.

Mr. Humphreys—Hear, hear.

Mr. Douglas said he could not support the increase in this item. But he was glad to see the Government did not propose to "sow money broadcast" as a former Government had done, and with the exception of a few items that were increased he would support the estimates.

Mr. Humphreys wished to know how the hon. gentleman proposed to commence this retrenchment, and if he (Mr. Gordon) would tell him this that he (Mr. H.) would at once put it in form and make a motion to that effect even if it were to strike off all remuneration.

Mr. Gordon would inform the hon. gentleman when he (Mr. H.) was in a position to bring it down in a ministerial form.

Mr. Humphreys said it was an impossibility.

The amendment of Mr. Walkem was put that $1500 be struck out and $1200 inserted and lost—9 to 12. The item was then carried.

Messenger, $300. Carried.

Hon. Mr. Smithe moved that $1800 be granted to Her Majesty. Carried.

Hon. Mr. Smithe moved that the Committee rise. Carried, to sit again to-morrow.

COAL MINING.

On the report of the Coal Miners' Regulation Bill,

Hon. Mr. Elliott moved as an additional clause that the Bill should not come into force for three months from the date of its publication in the *Government Gazette*.

Dr. Ash thought it should not come into force till the consent of the Governor General had been given to it.

Mr. Beaven thought the mine-owners' petition should be noticed here.

Hon. Mr. Elliott said the owners of the mines had been invited to attend a meeting of the miners on this bill and they had refused to do so.

Hon. Mr. Elliott's clause was added to the Bill.

Capt. Evans was sorry three months was allowed, as he thought it was too long.

Dr. Ash wished to know when the House would be likely to be prorogued.

Hon. Mr. Elliott said that depended a great deal on the hon. gentleman himself.

The report was received, the bill to be read a third time to-morrow.

TARIFF OF COSTS BILL.

Hon. Mr. Elliott said this Bill proposed to extend to the other Judges or any two of them the power that had hitherto been only in the hands of the Chief Justice, and moved that it be now read a second time.

Dr. Ash objected to the Bill as it was asking the House to relinquish its power of supervision.

The Bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Elliott moved that it be committed to-morrow. Carried.

The House adjourned at 10:45 p.m. till 2 o'clock Tuesday.

Police Court.

(Before H. O. Courtney, Esq.)

MONDAY, April 9th.

Rudolph Samon, remanded from Saturday last was again brought up and remanded.

A. W. Davie, charged as being a supicious character, was remanded till to-morrow for evidence.

Dan Dickson, charged with supplying intoxicating liquor to Indians. Remanded for sentence.

THE TARIFF.—Mr. Fisher's admirable amendment of Dr. Ash's longwinded tariff resolutions, met with the approval of the House and will be equally acceptable to the country. The amendment expresses in six lines ideas that the doctor required about one column of an ordinary newspaper to state. "Brevity is the soul of wit." It is evident the doctor has never met with this quotation; so we give it for his future guidance.

CHARLES BRADLAUGH and Mrs. Annie Bessant have been arrested in London on a charge of issuing immoral publications. Bradlaugh's offense is the publication of a pamphlet by the late Dr. Charles Knowlton, dealing with the Malthusian theory. The case was adjourned to allow time to prepare the defense, and accused were released on bail.

THE steamship Dakota arrived at Esquimalt at 2:30 p.m. on Sunday from the Sound, and will sail at 12 o'clock to-day for San Francisco.

The London "Times" Shifts its Position on the Railway.

LONDON OFFICE OF THE GLOBE,
55 Cheapside, E.C.,
March 23,

The *Times* to-day warmly praises Mr. Cartwright's policy of retrenchment. Discussing the Pacific Railroad it says:—"A suggestion was never made less worthy of respect than the immediate union of the Eastern States with British Columbia by means of a railway. If the Canadian Parliament has formally approved of the enterprise and pledged itself to the undertaking, still there would have been a perfect justification for the Dominion Government confessing itself, upon reconsideration, unable to fulfil the promise made. It would be necessary then to indemnify British Columbia against loss, and restore British Columbia to its previous position, and the fullest requirements of the strictest morality would be satisfied."

Theatre Royal.

The Tennessee Jubilee singers opened last evening to a full house, notwithstanding the rain. The director, at the opening of the performance stated that the pieces to be sung were hymns, taught to them as slaves in the Southern States. They were all slaves in 1865, and uneducated, and he stated that though these hymns were somewhat ridiculous to the more educated audience; yet they sang them with perfect reverence, and though it made the audience laugh, yet no irreverence was ever intended on their part. The programme commenced with an anthem "How beautiful in Zion," which was beautifully sung and loudly applauded. Miss Renaud next gave "Judgment days are rolling round" which convulsed the audience with laughter. Miss Renand's voice is a very deep, rich contralto and adds greatly to the harmony in the choruses. As an encore she gave "I'm so glad." Mr. Hunley followed with "Swing low, sweet Chariot," in a deep bass voice. Miss Henderson next followed with "Old folks at home" with great pathos, and during the piano parts a pin might have have been heard to fall, so entranced were the audience. She was encored, and gave "The poor old slave has gone to rest." Miss Henderson followed "Rocking my soul in the bosom of Abraham," in a very quaint manner. Miss Lulu Henderson followed with "That's where I'd like to be," in a full powerful soprano voice, and as an encore sang "The mocking bird", with bird-like accompaniment by Mr. Hunley, ending with the tra la-la finale to the great amusement of the audience. Songs by Misses Christin Clarke, and Lulu Henderson, and a round by the company entitled "My soul has got a hiding place" concluded the first part of the performance. The second part was even better than the first. Space precludes any further notice of these accomplished artistes; but suffice it to say that they are a success and will draw well during their stay here. There will be a change of programme to-night.

FAILURE OF THE GREAT FREIDLANDER.—The failure of I. Freidlander, the great grain operator of San Francisco, is announced. He states that in case he can collect the amounts due him, his unsecured indebtedness will be about $600,000, as nearly as he can judge from the present condition of affairs. The indebtedness is entirely local and affects but few persons or firms, all of whom can stand it with perhaps the exception of one or two in the interior. He attributes his failure to some extent to loss on charters, having early in the season chartered vessels at comparatively high figures, which he was subsequently obliged to recharter at much lower rates; but the greatest weights under which he labored was the condition of affairs in San Joaquin valley. It is known that after the failure of the bank of California, Friedlander transferred his accounts for some two months in the London and San Francisco bank, from which they were carried to the Nevada bank. The officers of that bank decline to make any statement, but it is reported Friedlander owes them upwards of $1,000,000 secured on real estate. There is also a reported indebtedness to the bank of California contracted prior to the failure of that institution of several thousand dollars, also secured on real estate.

THE steamship California, Capt. Thorn, arrived last evening *en route* for Sitka. Amongst her passengers are Mr. Taylor of Chicago, Capt. G. F. Tilbury, Lieut. Wood, Miss Goodhue and a few others. The California left Portland at 5 o'clock Sunday morning and came *via* Port Townsend. She has 100 tons of freight, twenty-five of which are for Victoria, and will sail at 5 o'clock this afternoon for the north.

NEW BOOKS.—"Life and Letters of Lord Macaulay;" by his nephew, George Otto Tevelyan, M.P., in two vols. We are indebted to Messrs. Hibben & Co. for this valuable work, which comprises the only accurate and valuable biography extant of the great historian and novelist. The book is handsomely bound, and is published by Belford Brothers, Delroit.

THE INDIAN LANDS.—Our contemporary, with that charming disregard for truth that generally characterizes his writings, says that "Mr. Elliott inaugurated the present expensive" system of settling the Indian lands question. If he will turn to the Sessional Papers for 1876-77 he will see that the plan was proposed by Mr. Walkem, whose ill work in this respect, as in many others, the present Government have had to undo.

SPOKEN.—The H. B. Co's bark Prince Rupert, from London bound for Victoria, was spoken on Feb. 4th north of the Equator with the main water tank leaking and it was supposed would put into the Falkland Island for supplies and repairs.

MR. JAS. WILLIS has opened the Victoria Saloon, Government Street, with a first rate stock of wines, liquors and cigars, and will be glad to see his friends. Call and give him a look.

TO LET—A new seven roomed House situated on Pioneer street. Apply to T. W. PIERRE. Clothing, Renovating and Dying Establishment, opposite the Alhambra, Yates street. *

THE bark Marmion for Nanaimo anchored in Royal Roads on Sunday, 15 days from San Francisco.

THE bark Henry Buck is loading at San Francisco for Victoria and Nanaimo.

Notices.

CARD.

EDITOR FREE PRESS:—IN ASKING YOU to publish another card, I send a statement of the wages (the price of powder and oil being deducted) made by about the half of the miners lately employed at the Wellington Colliery, in January last. To publish the whole of the pay sheet for that month would, I am afraid, take up too much space in your paper, but any one interested can call at the office and see the remainder, which will show amounts fully equal to those following:

	Days.	Pay in full
John Bell	26	$ 84 15
James Bell	24	75 45
J. D. Edwards	24½	78 10
Wm. Martin	21½	67 40
James Thomson	16	47 50
Wm. Morgan	16½	63 55
John Hoskins	19	74 30
Peter Cogley & Co	19	103 40
Robert Beauchamp	25	86 75
George Spears	23	134 20
Joseph Dore	25	83 30
Wm. May	21	76 60
Hoar and Rowe	24	154 05
Phillips and Adams	20	207 05
John Davis	24	116 60
Samuel Harris	22	77 80
James Williams	22	67 65
John G. Jones	21	67 20
Peter Brannan	11	34 55
James Bell	26	84 15
Griffiths and Morris	22	175 60
Richard Hoskins	24	75 10
George Furness	25	83 40
James House	22	69 30
Wm. Bailey	21	62 50
Fred. Kramer	15	45 85
George Vipont	25	75 75
Henry Smith	26	80 05
George House	22	68 40
Wm. Davis	22	67 10
Thomas Allan	23	72 60
Joseph Hoskins	26	87 40
John Thomson	22	66 50
Joseph Hoskins, jr	6	86 50
Samuel Thomson	25	81 85
John Brannan	8	25 85
J. H. Trythall	24	78 55
David and Alex. Hoggan	24	178 00
Hugh Haggerty	23	101 50
Adam Haggerty	14	83 50
John Haggerty	25	84 25
James Keagan	26	84 25
Wm. McDonald	25	84 00
W. Williams	23	77 25
James Ellis	25	88 55
Archibald Cowie	26	82 55

In the list of the above names there are a great many who do not profess to be regular coal miners. In fact, some of them were never in a coal mine until they commenced working in the Wellington. Besides the wages shown, each miner is supplied with one ton of coal per month, free of charge.

I may further say that many of the miners make the boast that they can do their day's work in less than six hours, and it is a fact that if the miners would make it their rule, instead of sending out seven boxes to send eight, it would add 50 cents per day to their earnings, and even then they need not work more than eight hours per day.

Yours truly,
R. DUNSMUIR.

Nanaimo, March 29th, 1877. ap5

THE WELLINGTON TROUBLE.

EDITOR FREE PRESS.—SIR,—Will you be kind enough to give me a little space in your valuable columns to explain to the public mind what I consider to be the present aspect of the Strike at the Wellington Mine, and to state in the first place that, as a workingman there with a wife and family to support, I think I have the best right in the world to express what I believe to be my convictions about a state of affairs which if preserved in, cannot fail to entail a legacy of poverty and misery for a long time to come, not only on men and their families not directly interested in the price per ton which the miners receive, but also on many of the mine's themselves, who are not very well supplied with the funds necessary to support their wives and children during a lengthened strike.

The strike was made at the instigation of not more than half a dozen men, whose name I could mention, and was not at all according to the wishes or inclinations of the great bulk of the men, who were, as a general thing, making better wages in fewer hours (as they have often told me) than they had ever done in their lives, and were quite satisfied with their places; but it is a well known fact that if even one coal miner makes a proposition to stand out for increase of wages, whether right or wrong, the whole crowd are bound to follow—each man being afraid of expressing a contrary opinion lest he should be called a "blackleg."

This was the case in the present strike, and it would have been ended long ago and the men been peaceably at work again at the old price, if some of the leaders of the strike had not gone to extremities and made charges through sheer malice against Mr. Dunsmuir and the Manager of the mine, which were fully disproved before a full bench of Magistrates.

These men, of course, know very well that they will never be employed again at any price, and are now selfishly striving to involve the whole of their fellow miners in general ruin and distress in order that they may have the miserable satisfaction of believing that they are putting the Masters to a little trouble and expense; but if the miners of Wellington who I know want to work will take my advice, they will quietly go to those disturbers of the general peace and say—Gentlemen, you have done enough; we are quite satisfied with your efforts; but go back to your gold mines and for God's sake stay there, and then we may have the peace and general satisfaction back again, which we always enjoyed before you came amongst us.

A WORKINGMAN.

ap5

NOTICE to CLAIMANTS of LAND.

LILLOOET DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of the "Land Act, 1875," that the following lands situate in the District of Lillooet, have been subdivided by survey, and a map thereof has been deposited in the office of M. O'Connor, Esq., Clinton:—

Township No. 8.

	Section.
S. E. Fractional Quarter	1
N. E. "	1
N.W. "	1
N. E. "	2
S. E. "	11
N. E. "	11
S. W. Quarter	12
S. E. Quarter	12
W. Half of N.W. Quarter	12
W. 28 chains of E. Half	14
S.W. Fractional Quarter	14
N.W. "	14
N. E. "	15
W.W. "	22
N. E. "	22
S. E. "	22
W. Fraction 24 chains W. Half	23
W. 14 chains of E. Half	27
N. W. Quarter	27
S.W. Fractional Quarter	27
N. E. "	28
S. E. "	28
N. E. "	33
S. E. "	33
N W. "	33
S. W. "	33

And that claimants of any portion of this land who have not obtained Crown Grants thereof should prove up their claims in accordance with Clause 21 "Land Act, 1875."

Forms of proof and declaration can be obtained at the Office of the Land Commissioner, Clinton.

P. GEO. VERNON,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 17th Feb., 1877. fe18

Appointments.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
March 31st, 1877.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to place ALEXANDER DOUGLAS McINNES, of Alexandria, Esquire, on the Commission of the Peace in and for the Electoral District of Cariboo. ap1

"PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul-Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, A queer book, 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Phila. fe20w

Money Due the following Persons from the U. S.

I WILL THANK ANY PERSON FORFURNISHING their addresses and will pay postage, &c. If either person is dead then the address of their Administrators, Attorneys or Agents is requested.

The names are:—S. Allen, Chas. Allison, Reuben Blout, Henry Bischel, Michael Copenham, Wm. M. Cline, Wm. Clemens, Jeremiah Dillen, Theodore Day, P. N. Emmerson, Simon Farlow, Christian Farlow, John Forman, H. C. Gittiers, A. A. Hayes, Jas. Hamill, Wm. Hite, Henry Hintmann, Geo. Holmes, Wm. King Lear, A. G. Lloyd, L. L. Leurany, David Murray, Saml. J. Oakley, J. B. Post, Geo. Price, Thomas Purchell, Jno. Price, Wm. Parsons, Geo. W. Philips, B. B. Rogers, Geo. Rogers, Wm. P. Sweeney, George Turner, Jno. W. Thornbury, L. Williams, Henry Willoughby, Moses Weil, Wm. Warner.

For particulars apply to C. M. CARTER, Portland, Oregon, who collects every variety of claim on the Government, including all lost vouchers or suspended demands, etc. fe16dwim.

Notice.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Real Estate, Personal Property and School Tax, 1876, for the Electoral District of Victoria, is now over due, and all persons or their agents liable for the said Taxes are requested to pay the same forthwith at the Assessor's Office, Government street, Victoria.

M. F. JOHNS, Collector.

Victoria, Feb. 20, 1877. fe21

New Advertisements.

THE SEED STORE, YATES ST.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JAY & CO.

Beg to announce that they have Removed their Business to the OPPOSITE SIDE OF YATES STREET, next door to the Oriental Hotel, where they will continue to supply, as heretofore, FRESH

AGRICULTURAL, GARDEN & FLOWER SEEDS,

FRUIT TREES,

Shrubs, Greenhouse and other Plants,

And all NURSERY STOCK of Every Description.

fe11 2m



FRESH GOODS, NEW STYLES!

H. MANSELL

Has received LARGE ADDITIONS to his already Well Selected Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,



Which he offers at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Boots Made to Order. Repairing Neatly Done.

☞ Country Orders promptly attended to. ☜

Covernment Street, Victoria, opp. the Postoffice.

jy20

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

David C. Heal

HAVING REMOVED HIS PLACE OF business to

YATES STREET,

Opposite the Bank of British North America, and one door above Lewis Lewis'

Wishes to inform the public that he has on hand a Superior Stock of

Tinware & Stoves,

Which he offers for sale at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Thanking his friends and the public for their former patronage, he asks a continuance of the same at his new store.

Miners' Outfits always on hand.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch.

Victoria, Feb 12, 1877 fe13 3m

Fifth Provincial Exhibition

FIRST PRIZE FOR FOWLS.

Now's Your Time To Improve



Your Poultry From the Pure Breeds.

BROWN LEGHORN, Prol Layers.
HOUDANS, NON-SITTERS.
DARK BRAHAMAS.

EGGS IN SEASON AT $5 PER DOZEN, sent to any part of British Columbia packed in patent spring boxes and warranted to hatch or money returned.

☞ No orders filled without the money.

Orders may be left at Mrs. Hodges' corner of Douglas and Pandora streets; or with W. J. TIPPINS, care of F. Campbell.

Have just imported the Emden Geese. A few Eggs for sale at $1.2 per dozen. ja24

REMOVAL.

Muirhead & Mann,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF business from Yates street to the

VICTORIA PLANING MILLS,

ROCK BAY BRIDGE,

Where they are prepared to manufacture with the

MOST IMPROVED

Wood Working Machinery

DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, &c., &c.

At LOWER RATES than the same Articles can be Imported.

mh23

CABBAGE PLANTS GIVEN AWAY!

The Early Wakefield

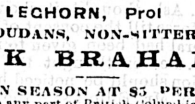
IS THE BEST EARLY CABBAGE KNOWN; and as I want to introduce it into this Province, I

WILL GIVE ONE DOZEN SPRING GROWN PLANTS for a TEST

To anyone who may purchase my plants this season I shall have the following spring grown, fine, hardy, plants for sale at J. HAWKINS, Fort street, at J. GOSNELL, Douglas street, and at my **Gardens, adjoining the Lion Brewery, Queen's Avenue.**

CABBAGE—Early York, Early Wakefield, Winningstadt, Drumhead, Savoy, Brussels Sprouts and Scotch Kale; and CAULIFLOWERS, early and late, and of the best varieties.

mh20 2m F. LUXFORD.



Royal Mail Stage,

Between Victoria and Esquimalt,

ON AND AFTER APRIL 1st.

Leaves Victoria for Esquimalt at 8 and 11½ a. m. and 4½ p. m.

Leaves Esquimalt for Victoria at 9½ a. m. and 1½ and 6½ p. m.

Parcels left at W. J. Jeffree's clothing store will be promptly delivered.

mh27 JOHN PORTER, Proprietor.

J. FINLAYSON,

FAMILY GROCER

Tea and Coffee Dealer,

Fort street.

BEST JAVA COFFEE FRESH ROASTED and ground daily.

Goods delivered to any part of the city

Dentistry.

DR. J. CALDER,

Surgical & Mechanical

DENTIST,

LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO.

OFFICE:

Right Hand side of Staircase,

SPENCER'S PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

dec11

R. B. THOMPSON,

DENTIST,

Office, - - - Occidental Building,

('Up Stairs,)

Cor. GOVERNMENT & FORT Sts.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

Seed Store,

Covernment St.

MITCHELL & CO.

BEG TO INFORM THEIR FRIENDS WHO have favored them with their orders and the public generally, that the delayed parcel of

English Seeds

Overland is just to hand in fine condition.

By the same steamer they have received in extra fine condition the following

CHOICE PLANTS

Now first introduced into the Province, viz:

100 Clematis in 18 choicest varieties.
Azalia Hardy Ghent and other varieties, with buds.
Variegated Hollies, Irish Yews, Purple Beech Seedlings
Berberis Darwinii, Elegnonia Radicans Major.
Yucca Filia entosa, Daphne Mezereou.
Buddlea Globosa, Buxus Latifolius Nova.
Buxus Argentea Nova, Green Hollies, 2 yr seedlings.
Skimmia Japonica, Primula Japonica, the Queen of Primroses.
48 Varieties of Chrysanthemums to be ready in July

☞ Catalogue and Prices to be obtained at the Seed Store.

They will also have for sale by the end of April Dahlias in variety at $1 per dozen.

Fine collections of German Aster and Stocks, and a variety of other choice Annuals and Perennials.

March 26th, 1877. mh27dwim

SUGAR. SUGAR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST RECEIVED a

LARGE QUANTITY OF

SUGARS!

In Kegs and 50 lb. Mats,

SUITABLE FOR FAMILY TRADE

No. 1 in 50 lb. Mats (Extra White)
" 2 50 "
" 3 50 "

Which they offer in lots to suit Purchasers at Reduced Rates.

HENRY RHODES & CO.

mh17

REMOVAL

Mr. John Teague,

ARCHITECT,

Has removed his office to

Government Street, below Fort, opposite the Rock & Ladder House.

oc15

HAREWOOD COAL Depot,

Dickson, Campbell & Co's Wharf,

STORE STREET.

BEST DESCRIPTION OF HOUSEHOLD COAL (Screened) delivered to any part of the City at $6 per American Ton.

Victoria, B.C., 19th Feb., 1877. fe20

New Advertisements.

NEW GOODS

HENRY SHORT,

Gun & Rifle Maker,

FORT ST., opp. Scotch House.

Has received from London direct, a Large Assortment of

DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARRELLED GUNS,

Central Fire Breech-Loaders,

FISHING TACKLE IN GREAT VARIETY,

Pocket and Sporting Cutlery, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Game Bags, Cartridge Belts, Apparatus for Filling Cartridges for Breech-loaders and a full assortment of Gun Tackle.

GUNS MADE TO ORDER. REPAIRING NEATLY EXECUTED

mh11

PHELPS, WADLEIGH & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHERS

Brick Building N. W. Corner of Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C.

YOUR FAVORS SOLICITED.

VICTORIA, Sept. 17, 1875 my5

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Arrival and Closing of Mails at Victoria.

Winter Arrangements from 31st September to 31st March, 1877.

MAILS.	ARRIVE.	CLOSE.
Canada, Great Britain Europe, and U. S., via San Francisco	About the 3d, 13th, and 23d of each Month	On the 10th, 20th, & 30th of each month, at 10 A.M.
Do. via Tacoma	Monday and Thursday 3 P.M	Tuesday at 9.30 A.M. and Thursday at 6 P.M.
Australia, New Zealand, Sandwich Islands and Fiji Islands.	Irregular dates of arrival...	In time to connect with mail steamer leaving San Francisco every 4th Saturday from Ap'l 24.
China and Japan	Irregular dates of arrival...	In time to connect with mail steamer leaving San Francisco on 1st of each month.
Mexico, Central America, and South Pacific coast.	Irregular dates of arrival...	On the 10th 20th & 30th of each month at 11 A.M.
New Westminster & Burrard Inlet.	Wednesday and Saturday at 3 P.M.	Monday and Thursday at 6 P.M.
Barkerville, and Intermediate offices.	Wednesday 3 P.M.	Monday at 6 P.M.
Nanaimo and intermediate offices.	Thursday at 5 P.M.	Monday at 6 P.M.
Comox and intermediate offices.	Every alternate Friday at 5 P.M.	Every alternate Monday at 6 P.M.
Esquimalt	Daily at 10:30 A.M. and 2:30 P.M.	Daily, at 11 A.M. and 4 P.M.
Metchosin	Monday, 1 P.M.	Tuesday, 12 Noon,
Saanich	Thursday, 10 A.M.	Wednesday, 9 A.M.
Sooke	Monday, 3 P.M.	Tuesday, 9 A.M.

Letters for Registration must be posted half an hour before closing of each mail.

MONEY ORDERS

Payable at Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland, and the United States, and at the offices at Barkerville, Clinton, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Yale, in this Province, can be obtained at this office.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
FOR MONEY ORDERS—From 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; on Saturdays from 9 A.M. to 12 noon

R. WALLACE, Post Office Inspector.

POST OFFICE, VICTORIA, 1st April, 1876. my5

ACARD.

EDITOR COLONIST—DEAR SIR:—I wish, through the medium of your widely circulated paper, to give my testimony in favor of the curative properties of **Dr. Willey's Discovery.**

Four months ago I was packed out of Cassiar and brought to Victoria in a helpless and speechless condition from paralysis. About ten days ago I began to use **Dr. Willey's Discovery** and almost immediately experienced relief. I am getting better all the time, can use my leg, arm and foot, which were paralyzed, almost as well as ever, and feel only too glad to recommend this truly great remedy to any poor fellows who may be afflicted as I was.

ATKINSON HACKETT.

Victoria, B.C., Feb. 7, 1877.

FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH.

The Great Swedish Herb Doctor,

John Willey's Discovery!

Dr. Willey's Wonderful and Scientific Discovery

Effects a SURE and PERMANENT CURE

—OF—

Chronic Diseases, Headache, Catarrah, Toothache, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Paralysis, Rheumatic Pains, Fever and Ague, Neuralgia, Sprains, Swellings, Diseases of the Lungs and Liver.

May be had in Victoria at LANGLEY & CO'S, Yates street, and at MORRISON'S Drug Store, corner of Fort and Government streets. mh.1dw3m

TO THE PUBLIC.

AT THE REQUEST OF THE PROPRIETOR of THEATRE ROYAL, we have this day examined that building, and pronounce the same to be perfectly safe for any number of people that may CROWD into it.

JOHN TEAGUE,
EDWARD MALANDAINE,
THOS. TROUNCE,
Architects.

SMITH & CLARK,
D. F. ADAMS,
HAYWARD & JENKINSON
MUIRHEAD & MANN,
GEORGE BAKER,
P. D. FORBES,
Builders.

Victoria, Feb. 19th, 1876. fe20tf

CASSIAR EXPRESS

WILL LEAVE FOR THE VARIOUS Creeks in Cassiar by every steamer for Fort Wrangel. Packages and Letters left with Well, Fargo & Co. will be forwarded. Treasure shipped to Victoria and San Francisco.

J. JOHNSTON,
Agent for the BRITISH COLONIST.

fe25

ON HING

Dealerin

Groceries, Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Caps

HAS REMOVED

To Johnson street, one door East of Eastman's Butcher Shop.

Manufactures Drawers, Undershirts, Overalls, etc., which he offers for sale by Wholesale and Retail, at Low Rates. all

CHAS. TAYLOR,

TIN & COPPERSMITH

AND SHEET IRON WORKER.

A Full Line of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware Always in Stock.

COPPERSMITHING A SPECIALTY

All Work Executed with Dispatch.

JOHNSON ST., opp. Henry Saunders'

☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to. mh11

WM. J. STEPHENS,

FORT WRANGEL, Alaska Ter.,

IMPORTER & DEALER IN

General MERCHANDISE,

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

MINERS' OUTFITS

—AND—

Every Article Required for the Mines may be had at

VICTORIA PRICES!

FULL STOCK!

GOOD GOODS!

& LOW RATES!

☞ Agent for COPPER-FASTENED CLOTHING. fe2

Ld. Lowenberg,

Real Estate Agent.

Government St., near corner of Broughton

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION to selling, purchasing and leasing property; to negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate business.

Maps of all the different Districts on the Island may be seen at his office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on his Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street. Farming or Gardening Land in every District, some of which affords rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage loaned in sums to suit the demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. dec

MR. HELMCKEN

MAY BE CONSULTED AT HIS OFFICE Victoria, between the hours of 9 and 12 in the morning, and 4 in the evening. mh6

Hotels, Saloons, &c.

GLOBE INN.

GENTLEMEN WHO MAY VISIT ESQUIMALT will find at the Globe Inn a

Card Left by Captain Hardy,

A perusal of which will be greatly to their advantage

THE BEST OF

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

To be had at the Inn, and a Road to the Cotfordam.

mh17 WM M SELLECK.

VICTORIA CLUB,

Capt. MARTIN'S BILLIARD SALOON,

FORT STREET.

Best Billiard Tables in the Province

Wines, Liquors and Cigars of the Best Qualities.

Captain Martin has been appointed sole agent in British Columbia for the celebrated firm of Jacob Strahl & Co., Billiard Manufacturers in San Francisco. Sole Agent for Delaney's Patent Wire Cushions.

Persons wishing to purchase Billiard Tables or any other article connected with the same will do well to apply to him. jo4

Pacific Telegraph Hotel,

STORE STREET, BETWEEN HERALD AND FISGARD

Victoria, B. C.

Andrew Astrico, - - Proprietor

THE MOST COMMODIOUS AND CLEAN Hotel in Victoria. It is conducted on the European principle. The table is supplied with the very best the market affords.

MEALS at all hours of the day. Private Dining Rooms for Families.

CHARGES—Board and Lodging per Week, $5 50 to 6 50; Board and Lodging per Day $1. Single Meals 37½ cents; Beds, 50 cents.

TERMS—Cash in advance.

☞ Fire-proof Safe in the House. mh18 3m

COLONIAL HOTEL

TRANSFERRED TO THE

Driard House,

VIEW ST., VICTORIA.

First-Class Hotel and Restaurant.

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATION FOR FAMILIES.

Private Dining Rooms and Parlors.

BILLIARDS.

Nothing will be spared to render the guests as comfortable as any house on the Pacific Coast.

None but the very best (directly imported) Wines, Liquors and Cigars will be dispensed.

dec14 L. S. LUCAS, Propr.

ANGEL HOTEL,

Langley St, Victoria, B. C.,

FRED. CARNE, - - - - Proprietor

RATES OF CHARGES:

Board and Lodging per Week	$6 00
Board per Week	5 00
Board and Lodging per Day	1 00
Single Meals	25
Beds	50

☞ A Fireproof Safe in the House. fe3

MINERS' HOME,

FORT WRANGEL.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO announce to his friends and the public generally that he has added to his buildings a

Large and Commodious House for the Accommodation of 200 Persons.

ALSO—A BAKERY.

☞ MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

H. SANDERSON.

VICTORIA, Jan. 22, 1877. ja23

ROCK BAY HOUSE,

BETWEEN THE TWO BRIDGES,

ESQUIMALT ROAD.

IS ONE OF THE MOST COMFORTABLE Wayside Houses in the Province; and being furnished with the very best

ALES, WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Is a favorite stopping-place for persons bound to and from Victoria.

My friends are invited to give me a call.

ja30 1m GUS. KOLP.

PALACE HOTEL,

SAN FRANCISCO.

GRADUATED PRICES,

Rooms with Board, $3 per Day.
Rooms with Board, $4 per Day.
Rooms without Board, $1 per Day,
And Upwards.

WARREN LELAND - - - LESSEE

fe13 3m

Irving W. Stroutt

IS PREPARED TO FORWARD

20,000 POUNDS OF FREIGHT

Each Trip, from

YALE TO SODA CREEK,

Or CARIBOO,

The Coming Season.

☞ He will not hold himself responsible for damage to Oils and Liquids shipped in tin or glass; or for unavoidable detention caused by breakage of bridges, or rock slides, or loss or damage to goods through any other contingency beyond his control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment. de14dwim

Improved Self-Acting Watercloset.

I BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC in general that I have thoroughly examined the Self-acting Watercloset erected by Messrs. STEWART & BRADEN, which are the first of the kind ever introduced on the Pacific Coast, and I do not hesitate to recommend them as being the best and most convenient Watercloset now in use.

I find upon close examination that there are neither cocks nor pans in connection with them, and the pipes are always free from water and guaranteed against frost.

I have examined Messrs. Shotbolt's and Saunders' on Johnson street; also, others in town, and would highly recommend them for public and private institutions and dwellings of all kinds. Yours, &c.,

DAVID MUNRO.

VICTORIA, March 17, 1877. mh18

The Natural

SPA WATER

From Friederichall, Germany

LOSS OF APPETITE, INDIGESTION, Weariness and Melancholy, Constipation, Gout, Gravel and Effects of Errors in Eating or Drinking are removed or prevented by its occasional use without lowering the system.

IMPORTED BY

LANGLEY & CO.,

YATES STREET. mh8is1m

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